

1255 Imperial Avenue, Suite 1000 San Diego, CA 92101-7490 619.231.1466 FAX 619.234.3407

Agenda

JOINT MEETING OF THE AUDIT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

for the
Metropolitan Transit System
San Diego Transit Corporation, and
San Diego Trolley, Inc.

November 6, 2008

Executive Conference Room (Immediately following Executive Committee Meeting)

ACTION RECOMMENDED

- A. 1. ROLL CALL
 - 2. APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF OCTOBER 23, 2008

Approve

- B. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION ITEMS
 - MTS: Draft Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
 Action would recieive the Draft Fiscal Year 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and forward it to the Board of Directors.

Receive

- C. COMMITTEE MEMBER COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER BUSINESS
- D. PUBLIC COMMENTS
- E. NEXT MEETING DATE: To be determined.
- F. ADJOURNMENT

Please turn off cell phones and pagers during the meeting



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AUDIT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE MEETING FOR THE METROPOLITAN TRANSIT SYSTEM (MTS), SAN DIEGO TRANSIT CORPORATION (SDTC), AND SAN DIEGO TROLLEY, INC. (SDTI)

October 23, 2008

MTS 1255 Imperial Avenue, Suite 1000, San Diego

MINUTES

A. ROLL CALL

- 1. Chairman Ewin called the meeting to order at 9:24 a.m. A roll call sheet listing Audit Oversight Committee member attendance is attached.
- 2. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Mr. Mathis moved approval of the minutes of the June 5, 2008, Audit Oversight Committee meeting. Ms. Atkins seconded the motion, and the vote was 4 to 0 in favor, with Mr. Cox, Mr. Emery, and Mr. Rindone abstaining.

B. AUDIT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE DISCUSSION ITEMS

1. MTS: Draft Fiscal Year 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (ADM 110.12)

In response to a question from Chairman Ewin, Mr. Cliff Telfer, MTS Chief Financial Officer, reported that the process of presenting the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is ahead of schedule.

Ms. Linda Musengo, Finance Manager, reported that the CAFR is largely completed. She stated that the only outstanding issue relates to the assessment of liabilities for claims, which cannot be finalized until letters have been received from all of MTS's attorneys. Mr. Ken Pun, Caporicci & Larson, confirmed that this process is best wrapped up toward the end of the process and stated that this is very typical. Ms. Musengo confirmed that none of the other outstanding issues would cause a delay in the completion of the CAFR. She stated that those items include the receipt of information on TransNet from SANDAG, the single audit, and procedures for TransNet, the Transit Development Act, and the National Transit Database.

Ms. Musengo provided a handout providing a recap of the various questions that may be asked in response to the information provided within the report. She also reported that this is the first time that the CAFR has provided comparative information. Ms. Musengo reviewed the balance sheet variances as outlined on the handout. In response to a question from the Committee, Ms. Musengo explained that MTS's liability for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) will be \$3.9 million and added that this figure was based on the results of an actuarial study. She stated that because another study will not be done next year, this figure will be the same for next year.

Mr. Rindone asked staff to look at the feasibility of having a different policy for new employees than the one MTS currently has for its existing employees and report back to the Board. Chairman Ewin stated that this item should be addressed by the Budget Development Committee. In response to a question from Ms. Atkins, Ms. Musengo explained that the OPEB issue will appear in the "subsequent event" portion of the CAFR because it had not yet occurred by June 30, 2008, the end of the period covered by the CAFR. Ms. Atkins asked if the audit meets the requirements of SAS 114, which deals with management's cooperation during the audit. Mr. Gary Caporicci, Caporicci & Larson, reported that this requirement has been met to date. Ms. Atkins requested that this be put in writing, and Chairman Ewin requested that the minutes reflect that request.

Ms. Musengo then reviewed income statement variances as outlined in the handout. In response to a question regarding the increase in workers' compensation expense, Mr. Lynch reported that this figure is volatile because it is based on a "snapshot" point in time. In response to a question about the increase in depreciation, Ms. Musengo explained that MTS now has a Capital Asset Accountant, who discovered that many buses that were on a 30-year depreciation schedule should have been on a 12-year schedule, and an appropriate adjustment has been made. Mr. Telfer added that this adjustment simply better reflects the value of MTS's current assets and has no financial impact on the company.

Ms. Musengo reported that a note will be included in the CAFR explaining how the recent financial crisis will impact MTS and will probably be the last note that is written. She added that another note will be written related to the sale/leaseback and lease/leaseback arrangements that MTS entered into in 1990 and 1995 for trolley cars. She stated that Internal Revenue Code rules have changed regarding these types of transactions and some companies are being required to pay back the tax benefits that were lost by the purchaser/lessor. Ms. Lorenzen stated that the federal courts have ruled that the Internal Revenue Service can "claw back" on this issue. Ms. Musengo reported that no repayment request has been made to date, but a note must appear in the CAFR that indicates that a request may be made in the future for repayment of tax benefits. Mr. Telfer pointed out that MTS's transaction is different from that of other companies in that the purchasers of MTS's agreements were foreign jurisdictions, and this may explain why MTS has not been contacted about repayment. Ms. Lorenzen reported that staff is participating in conference calls to determine the potential extent of MTS's liability. She added that MTS has not been contacted by the Internal Revenue Service to date.

Mr. Monroe objected to the fact that there was no qualitative data included in the audit. It was pointed out that the CAFR deals strictly with financial issues and that performance issues are covered by performance audits and triennial and other audits conducted by the Federal Transit Administration. Ms. Lorenzen pointed out that the FTA has conducted five different audits of MTS in specific areas over the last few months. Ms. Cooney pointed out that MTS also completed a peer review of its Information Technology Department. Chairman Ewin stated that the Board of Directors authorized the Audit Oversight Committee to deal with financial audits only. Mr. Ewin stated that this should be reflected in management comments, and Ms. Musengo stated she would change the CAFR's Letter of Transmittal. It was also pointed out that MTS has an Internal Auditor, who conducts audits of MTS processes. Chairman Ewin stated that variances may highlight issues that should

be further explored to see if there is a performance issue. He stated that staff should determine how to address those cases. Mr. Caporicci stated that the General Accounting Standards Board will be issuing guidelines regarding performance audits next year.

Chairman Ewin stated that the Audit Oversight Committee should have as much time as possible to review the CAFR before it is presented again to the Executive Committee on November 6. He also stated that he thought the CAFR should reflect the Board's action to establish the Audit Oversight Committee.

In response to a question from Mr. Rindone, Mr. Caporicci explained that only about ten percent of the organizations they audit are funding their OPEB liability. Mr. Rindone requested a summary of the decisions made by those transportation agencies, cities, counties, water boards, etc. and that the list include the financial size of those agencies.

In response to a brief report and question from Mark Abbey, Internal Auditor, Chairman Ewin directed Mr. Abbey to consult with Ms. Lorenzen on a case-by-case basis regarding the distribution to Board members of audits containing sensitive information.

Committee members were asked to address any questions they have to Mr. Telfer with a copy to Chairman Ewin.

Action Taken

No action was taken on this item.

C. COMMITTEE MEMBER COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER BUSINESS

There were no Committee communications.

D. **PUBLIC COMMENTS**

There were no public comments

E. **NEXT MEETING DATE:**

The next meeting will be held on Thursday, November 6, 2008, in the Executive Conference Room.

F. **ADJOURNMENT**

Chairman Ewin adjourned the meeting at 10:32 a.m.

AUDIT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE METROPOLITAN TRANSIT SYSTEM

ROLL CALL

MEETING OF (DATE)10/23/08		c	ALL TO ORDER (TIME)	9:24 a.m				
RECESS			R	RECONVENE				
CLOSED SESSION	ON		R	ECONVENE				
				DJOURN	10:32 a.m.			
BOARD MEMB	ER	(Alterna	ite)	PRESENT (TIME ARRIVED)	ABSENT (TIME LEFT)			
ATKINS		(Young)						
EMERY	Ø	(Cafagna)						
EWIN	☑	(Clabby)						
MATHIS	☑		- 					
MONROE	Ø	(McLean)						
RINDONE	Ø	(Emery)						
ROBERTS		(Cox)	<u> </u>					
SIGNED BY OF	FICE OF	THE CLERK OF TI	HE BOARD .	Sailafee	llin			
CONFIRMED B	Y OFFICE	OF THE GENERA	AL COUNSEI	2000				



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Agenda

Item No. B1

JOINT MEETING OF THE AUDIT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE for the

ADM 110.12

Metropolitan Transit System,
San Diego Transit Corporation, and
San Diego Trolley, Inc.

November 6, 2008

SUBJECT:

MTS: DRAFT FISCAL YEAR 2008 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

RECOMMENDATION:

That the MTS Audit Oversight Committee receive the Draft Fiscal Year 2008 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and forward it to the Board of Directors.

Budget Impact

None at this time.

DISCUSSION:

On October 23, MTS staff presented a progress report on the Draft Fiscal Year 2008 CAFR. The Audit Oversight Committee reviewed the draft and provided comment. Staff will provide an update on changes made since that meeting. Representatives from Caporicci and Larson will be in attendance to answer questions.

Paul C. Jablonski

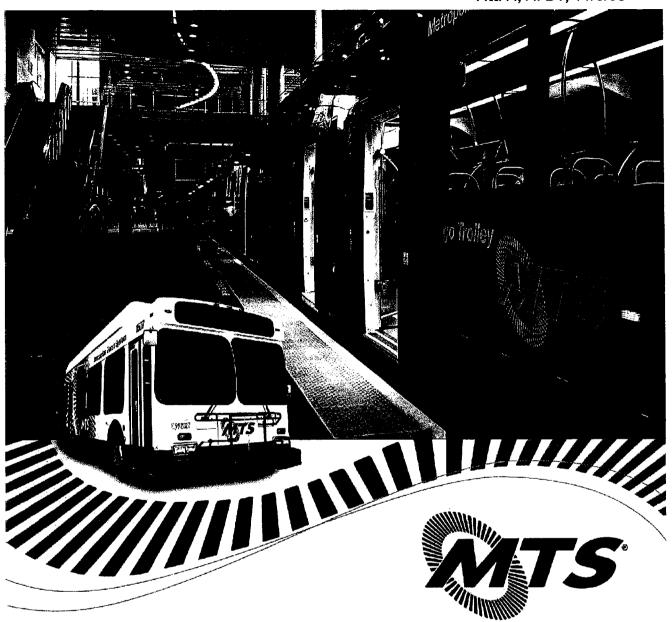
Chief Executive Officer

Key Staff Contact: Cliff Telfer, 619.557.4532, cliff.telfer@sdmts.com

NOV6-08 B1 AOC FY 08 CAFR LMUSENGO.doc

Attachment: A. CAFR (Board Only Due to Volume)





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SAN DIEGO METROPOLITAN TRANSIT SYSTEM SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2008 AND 2007



San Diego, California

DRAFT
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and
Independent Auditors' Report

For the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

PREPARED BY SAN DIEGO METROPOLITAN TRANSIT SYSTEM FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Introductory Section (Unaudited):

Letter of Transmittal

Listing of Board of Directors and Management

Executive Level Organization Chart

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting - GFOA

Financial Section:

Independent Auditors' Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements:

Statement of Net Assets

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Statement of Cash Flows

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):

Schedule of Funding Progress of Defined Pension Plans

Supplementary Information:

Combining Schedule of Net Assets

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual:

Combined Operations

General Operations:

General Fund

Taxicab Administration

San Diego & Arizona Eastern Railway

Contract Services

San Diego Transit Corporation

San Diego Trolley, Inc.

Statistical Section (Unaudited):

Financial Trends

Changes in Net Assets

Revenue Capacity

Operating Revenue by Source

Fare Structure

Farebox Recovery Percentages

Debt Capacity

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Regional Population and Personal Income Statistics Full-time and Part-time Employees by Function Ten Largest Employers

Operating Information

Operating Subsidy

Operating Indicators by Function Service Performance Data Capital Asset Statistics by Function Ridership INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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Board of Directors and Transit Riders San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

The comprehensive annual financial report of the San Diego Metropolitan Transit System (MTS) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. The MTS Board of Directors has established an Audit Oversight Committee to provide an additional level of scrutiny to the preparation of the annual financial report. Management of MTS is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of MTS are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The firm of Caporicci & Larson, CPAs, has been retained to meet this requirement. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of MTS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that MTS' financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit also was designed to meet the requirements of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements required the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The reports related specifically to the Single Audit are issued under separate cover.

MTS maintains budgetary controls, the objective of which is to ensure compliance with the provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the board of directors. Activities of the General Fund, which includes Capital Projects and Debt Service activities, are included in the annual appropriated budget. Comprehensive multi-year financial plans, adopted when major projects are approved for the final design and construction phase, provide project-length budgetary control for Capital Projects. The portion of costs expected to be incurred on each project during the fiscal year is included in the annual operating budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by line item within an individual fund, that is the level of detail presented in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes

in net assets. The Chief Executive Officer has the authority to transfer up to \$25,000 between line items. MTS also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, encumbrances are evaluated and may be reappropriated as part of the following year's budget.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

REPORTING ENTITY

The San Diego Metropolitan Transit System was created effective January 26, 1976 to provide the policy setting and overall management coordination of the public transportation system in the San Diego metropolitan service area. This service area encompasses approximately 2.19 million people residing in a 570 square mile area of San Diego County, including the cities of Chula Vista, Coronado, El Cajon, Imperial Beach, La Mesa, Lemon Grove, National City, Poway, Santee, and San Diego and the unincorporated area of the County of San Diego. A number of fixed-route operating entities provide the service and have banded together to form a federation of transit service providers called the Metropolitan Transit System (MTS). The purpose of the MTS is to provide coordinated routes, fares, and transfers among the different operating entities.

MTS' mission statement, adopted by the board of directors, is to enhance the personal mobility of San Diego metropolitan area residents and visitors by:

- Obtaining maximum benefit for every dollar spent.
- Being the community's major public transportation advocate.
- Increasing public transportation usage per capita.
- Taking a customer-oriented approach.
- Offering high-quality public transportation services.
- Responding to the community's socioeconomic interests.

Effective January 1, 2003, Senate Bill 1703 (SB 1703) took effect which consolidated the planning, programming, project development, and construction activities of the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG), MTS, and North San Diego County Transit District (NCTD) within SANDAG. The legislation called for an initial transfer of the planning and programming functions from MTS to SANDAG by July 1, 2003 and a subsequent transfer of the project development and construction functions by January 30, 2004. Now that the consolidation is complete, MTS' focus has shifted to transit service operations, as SANDAG, in its newly configured role, is responsible for all other facets of transportation planning, programming, and development. MTS has one voting member on the nine-member Transportation Committee within SANDAG. The Transportation Committee assumed the responsibility and decision-making for all transportation-related planning, programming, and development activities. In accordance with the legislation, the planning and programming functions were transferred to SANDAG on July 1, 2003, and the project development and construction activities were transferred to SANDAG on October 13, 2003.

MTS is effectively an umbrella agency. MTS owns the assets of San Diego Trolley, Inc. (SDTI) and San Diego Transit Corporation (SDTC), the area's two largest transit operators. These two transit units were formed under California law as not-for-profit public corporations and function as operating subsidiaries of MTS. SDTI and SDTC are considered component units and are blended component units for financial reporting purposes. SDTI operates three Light Rail Transit (LRT) routes, the Blue Line from the Mission San Diego Station to San Ysidro at the International Border, the Orange Line from the Imperial and 12th Bayside Platform through Centre City and then east to Santee, and the Mission Valley Extension, known as the Green Line. SDTI operates on a total of 54.3 miles of track. SDTC operates 20 routes with an active fleet of 267 buses.

The relationship between MTS and the transit operating subsidiaries, SDTI and SDTC, is formally established through operating agreements and MTS-adopted corporate policies. These agreements and corporate policies specify the roles and responsibilities of each of the organizations and outline the procedures in numerous functional areas including auditing and budgeting, fare setting, marketing and public information, revenue-producing advertising, service contracts, and programming of federal, state and local subsidies. The MTS Board of Directors has the policy-setting responsibility for the operation and development of MTS' transit operating subsidiaries as well as for the planning and approval of capital expenditures by or on behalf of these entities. The day-to-day operating functions, labor matters and maintenance of facilities are managed by the individual transit operators.

Starting in July of 2004 and continuing forward, MTS began to centralize and consolidate many functions within SDTI and SDTC. These include Planning, Human Resources, Finance, and Purchasing. This transition is largely completed as of June 30, 2008.

In addition, MTS owns the San Diego and Arizona Eastern Railway Company (SD&AE), a not-for-profit railroad holding company entrusted with assets which include 108 miles of rail line and over 2,000 acres of property. MTS has a contract with the San Diego and Imperial Valley Railway Co. (SDIV) for the operation of freight rail services over the SD&AE rail line. MTS provides no subsidy to SDIV, but does receive a portion of its gross revenue. SD&AE is considered a component unit and a blended component unit for financial reporting purposes.

In addition to the bus routes operated by SDTC, MTS is financially accountable for the operation of certain other bus routes. MTS contracts with an outside party for the operation of these bus routes. The contracts require full operation and maintenance of the bus services. These contract services are accounted for in the Other Contracted Services Enterprise Fund for financial reporting purposes. Effective July 1, 2002, the responsibility for operating the County Transit System (CTS) was transferred from the County of San Diego to MTS. CTS operating services are combined with the Other Contracted Services Enterprise Fund for financial reporting purposes.

MTS also is financially accountable for the operation of Taxicab Administration services, which includes regulating the issuance of taxi and jitney service permits in the Cities of San Diego, El Cajon, Imperial Beach, Lemon Grove, National City, Poway, and Santee.

The MTS Board of Directors is comprised of 15 members with four appointed from the San Diego City Council, one appointed from the San Diego County Board of Supervisors, one appointed from each city council of Chula Vista, Coronado, El Cajon, Imperial Beach, La Mesa, Lemon Grove, National City,

Poway, and Santee, and one member of the public elected by other Board members to serve as Chairman.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Operations

Historically, the San Diego region has enjoyed strong economic expansion, outpacing both the state and national economies. San Diego's gross regional product (GRP), the estimated total value of the regions' economy was estimated at \$161.1 billion for FY 2006 (most recent estimate available). More recently, San Diego has begun to feel the effects of the downturn in the housing and credit market. MTS-area fixed-route ridership increased during FY 2008 partly attributable to the increase in gasoline prices.

The principal local source of operating subsidy for MTS' transit programs is Transportation Development Act (TDA) funding. One-fourth percent of the local sales tax in each California county is dedicated to transportation purposes.

On a local level, area voters approved a one-half cent transportation sales tax in 1987, called TransNet. One-third of the sales tax proceeds is allocated for transit purposes which is further divided between MTS and North County Transit District (MTS' counterpart in North San Diego County) based on the proportion of the population within the area of each jurisdiction. Prior to FY 2004, 80% of the transit TransNet funds had to be used for expansion of the light rail system. The remaining 20% could be used for operations after funding a reduced price pass program for seniors, disabled, and youth, which is capped at \$5.5 million. As a result of operating budget pressures, the ratio was changed in June 2003 so that up to 40% of the TransNet program can be used for operations (increased from 20%). The current TransNet sales tax expires in 2008. A reauthorization measure was approved by voters in November 2004 extending the TransNet sales tax for 40 additional years. This has removed a major potential funding problem that would have occurred in 2008 and beyond.

Major Initiatives

With the changes brought about by SB 1703, the MTS focus is now clearly on operations rather than development. Specifically, this is providing quality, efficient, and reliable service to customers using resources to maximum effect. Two major challenges are to align operating costs with recurring revenues and rebuild the capital program in order to be able to replace aging infrastructure.

MTS has completed a Comprehensive Operational Analysis (COA), the first in MTS history. The purpose of the COA is to assess its ridership and route structure on a comprehensive basis. This assessment is allowing MTS to better align its operations in all areas. The benefits are at least two fold. First it better matches riders with where they want to go offering opportunities for increased ridership and better service to customers and the larger community. Second, it acts as a priority guide for providing service. In doing so, various service levels can be effectively evaluated to coincide with available recurring revenues. Matching the proper service level to available recurring revenues eliminates structural deficits that have produced challenges for MTS for the last few years. Service changes were implemented beginning in January 2007, and will be monitored and evaluated on an ongoing basis to ensure that the relationship between service levels and ridership remains consistent and reasonable.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Pension Funds

MTS and SDTI contract with the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) to provide retirement plans for their employees. The employees of SDTC participate in the San Diego Transit Corporation Employee Retirement Plan, a single-employer public employee retirement plan.

Debt Administration

Capital Leases – MTS has two capitalized lease obligations with current year debt service of \$526 thousand. One lease obligation is the result of a joint venture arrangement whereby the joint venture issued certificates of participation (COPs) for the construction of the MTS Tower, and MTS services the debt through lease payments. The other is a lease purchase agreement for the acquisition of telecommunications equipment.

On the COP issue, the rating, which was based on the strength of the joint venture and the primary lessor (the County of San Diego), was Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AAA by Standard & Poor's Corporation.

Finance Obligations – MTS has one finance obligation resulting from a Light Rail Vehicle (LRV) lease/leaseback transaction. Proceeds from this transaction have been placed into investments that mature at values sufficient to cover all remaining obligations as well as amounts necessary to exercise the repurchase option. During the year MTS retired three other finance obligations that consisted of two COP's issued for the completion of construction projects and one obligation related to a Light Rail Vehicle sale/leaseback transaction. Total debt service for FY 08 was \$27.9 million.

Pension Obligation Bonds – MTS issued Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds in 2004 to reduce the unfunded liability in the SDTC retirement plan. Total debt service was \$1.5 million for FY 2008 and \$1.4 million for FY 2007. This obligation is reported by SDTC.

Cash Management

To facilitate optimum management of MTS' resources, balances in all cash accounts within the organization, including MTS, SDTC and SDTI, are swept nightly to one concentration account. MTS cash in excess of funds required for short term needs form a pool of cash for short-term investment, except for restricted funds, which are generally held by outside custodians on behalf of capital projects and debt service requirements. MTS' funds are invested in accordance with its written policy which is consistent with the California Government Code 53600. MTS is currently evaluating contracts for the services of an outside investment management firm to handle the daily investment activities. Further details of MTS' cash and investments at June 30, 2008 and 2007 are set forth in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Risk Management

MTS (including Taxicab Administration, SD&AE, and Other Contracted Services), SDTI, and SDTC are protected against the adverse consequences of material or financial loss through a balanced program of risk retention and the purchase of commercial insurance. MTS, SDTI, and SDTC are insured for

liability, property, and workers' compensation claims under a combined insurance program. Claims in excess of the various deductibles and self-insured retention amounts which range from \$50,000 to \$2,000,000 are insured with commercial carriers up to \$75,000,000 for liability and up to \$600,000,000 for property damage.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report was accomplished with the cooperation of MTS' management and staff. We express our appreciation to the staff members who contributed to the preparation of this report.

November 30, 2008

San Diego Metropolitan Metropolitan Transit System Listing of Board of Directors and Management

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board position (elected position) Members

Harry Mathis Chairman, since 1/06 Vice Chairman, since 7/91 (Deputy Mayor, City of Chula Vista) Jerry Rindone Board Member, since 12/02 (Councilmember, City of San Diego) Toni Atkins Board Member, since 6/96 (Councilmember, City of Lemon Grove) Thomas E. Clabby Chair, Pro Tem, since 7/85 (Councilmember, City of Poway) **Robert Emery** Board Member, since 03/05 (Councilmember, City of La Mesa) **Ernest Ewin** Board Member, since 1/06 (Councilmember, City of San Diego) Kevin Faulconer Board Member, since 12/00 (Councilmember, City of San Diego) Brian Maienschein Board Member, since 4/08 (Councilmember, City of El Cajon) Bob McClellan Board Member, since 1/06, (Councilmember, City of Imperial Beach) Fred McLean Board Member, since 4/02 (Councilmember, City of Coronado) Phil Monroe Board Member, since 12/89 (County Board of Supervisors) Ron Roberts Board Member, since 1/04 (Vice Mayor, City of Santee) Hal Ryan Board Member, since 1/05 (Councilmember, City of San Diego) **Tony Young** Board Member, since 1/07 (Councilmember, National City) Rosalie Zarate

MTS MANAGEMENT

Staff **Position**

Sharon Cooney

Chief Executive Officer Paul Jablonski General Counsel Tiffany Lorenzen Chief Financial Officer Cliff Telfer

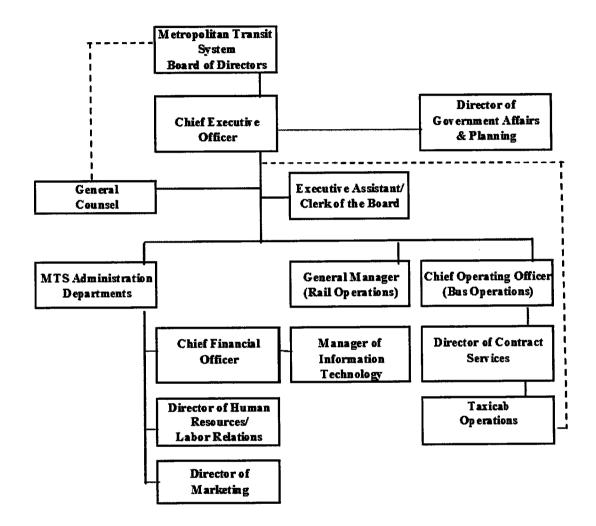
Chief Operations Officer, Bus (SDTC) Claire Spielberg President-General Manager, Rail (SDTI) Peter Tereschuck Director, Planning/Government Affairs and Community Relations

Director, Marketing and Communications

Robert Schupp

Director, Human Resources and Labor Relations Jeff Stumbo

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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System, California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

Olme S. Cox

President

Executive Director

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the San Diego Metropolitan Transit System (MTS) is intended to provide an overview of MTS' financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007. This information should be used in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 6 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- Net assets, as reported in the statement of net assets, totaled \$1,266 million as of June 30, 2008, \$1,261 million as of June 30, 2007 and \$1,248 million as of June 30, 2006. Of this amount, \$186 million was unrestricted as of June 30, 2008, \$163 million was unrestricted as of June 30, 2007, and \$2 million was unrestricted as of June 30, 2006. Total net assets increased by \$5 million in the current year and \$13 million in the prior year.
- For the year ended June 30, 2008, the combined farebox recovery ratio (the measure of the ability to recover operating costs through fare revenue) for San Diego Trolley, Inc., San Diego Transit Corporation, and MTS Contracted Services was 38.2% compared to 37.1% for the year ended June 30, 2007 and 37.0% for the year ended June 30, 2006. A number of factors have brought about this increase, principally increased fare receipts and lower operating costs at San Diego Trolley, Inc. and Other Contracted Services operations within MTS.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to MTS' financial statements. MTS' financial statements comprise two components: 1) financial statements and, 2) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements themselves.

Financial statements. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of MTS' finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. In fiscal year 2008, MTS presents comparative statements for FY 2008 and FY 2007. This is the second year that MTS has reported all results as business activities, which has made the comparative presentation possible.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of MTS' assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of MTS is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents information showing how the net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

Since MTS' primary function is to provide transportation services to the region's citizens and recover costs through user fees and charges, the financial statements include business-type activities. In addition, the financial statements include not only MTS itself (*known as the primary government*), but also two legally separate transit operators and one legally separate freight railway, for which MTS is financially accountable: San Diego and Arizona Eastern Railway Company (SD&AE).

Notes to basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning MTS' progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of MTS, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 1,266 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year and \$1,261 million at the end of FY 2007.

The largest portion of MTS' net assets reflects the investment in capital assets, net of related debt. Most of the investment in capital assets is comprised of trolley system assets, buses, and construction-in-progress totaling \$71.1 million, of which the largest projects currently under construction are the Automated Fare Collection System and the Bus Rapid Transit project (currently \$40 million and \$11 million respectively). Prior year construction-in-progress totaled \$102 million, of which the largest projects were the Automated Fare Collection System and the San Ysidro Intermodal Transit Center (\$38 million and \$28 million, respectively). The capital assets that are represented by the construction-in-progress will be used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are <u>not</u> available for future spending. In FY 2008 MTS transferred completed projects worth \$52.4 million to SDTC, SDTI and Other Contracted Services. In FY 2007 MTS transferred completed projects worth \$32.7 million to SDTC, SDTI and Other Contracted Services.

The balance in unrestricted assets increased by \$ 22 million during the current year and \$161 million in the prior year.

•	Ju	ine 30, 2008	J	une 30, 2007	Change	J	une 30, 2006		Change
Current and other assets	\$	344,003,642	\$	326,690,827	\$ 17,312,815	\$	285,334,929	\$	41,355,898
Capital assets		1,210,312,975		1,256,454,253	(46,141,278)		1,288,533,168		(32,078,915
Total assets		1,554,316,617		1,583,145,080	 (28,828,463)		1,573,868,097		9,276,983
Long-term liabilities outstanding		234,980,750		242,450,090	(7,469,340)		269,442,610		(26,992,519)
Other liabilities		53,759,357		79,775,424	 (26,016,066)		56,116,038		23,659,387
Total liabilities		288,740,107		322,225,514	(33,485,407)		325,558,648		(3,333,133)
Net assets (deficit):									
Invested in capital assets net of related debt		1,079,967,043		1,097,675,395	(17,708,352)		1,246,202,145	•	148,526,750)
Unrestricted		185,609,461		163,244,169	22,365,292		2,107,304		161,136,865)
Total net assets	\$	1,265,576,504	\$	1,260,919,564	\$ 4,656,940	\$	1,248,309,449	\$	12,610,116

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

Increases in operating revenue are attributable to fare adjustments implemented in the current year and increased ridership. Capital and operating grants and contributions continue to be a major portion of the revenue used to fund transit operations and capital projects. Variances between FY 2008 and FY 2007 are largely attributable to receipt of Proposition 1B funding designated for the purchase of additional buses.

	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	Change	June 30, 2006	Change
Revenues:					
Operating revenues	\$ 80,792,307	\$ 73,384,332 5	7,407,975	\$ 70,183,914	\$ 3,200,418
Nonoperating revenues	214,361,251	196,421,308	17,939,942	162,712,345	33,708,963
Total revenues	295,153,558	269,805,642	25,347,916	232,896,259	36,909,381
Expenses:					
Operating expenses	297,857,331	270,338,715	27,518,616	261,619,551	8,719,164
Nonoperating expenses	11,131,184		(3,454,156)	11,686,502	2,898,839
Total expenses	308,988,515		24,064,460	273,306,053	11,618,003
Increase (decrease) in net assets before capital contributions	(13,834,957)	(15,118,416)	1,283,456	(40,409,794)	25,291,378
capital contributions	(13,034,737)	(15,110,410)	1,203,130	(10,100,100)	,_, _,_,
Capital contributions	18,491,897	27,728,531	(9,236,634)	23,013,017	4,715,514
	<u> </u>				
Increase in net assets	4,656,940	12,610,116	(7,953,178)	(17,396,777)	30,006,893
Net assets-beginning of year	1,260,919,564	1,248,309,449	12,610,118	1,265,706,226	(17,396,777)
Net assets-end of year	\$ 1,265,576,504	\$ 1,260,919,565	\$ 4,656,940	\$ 1,248,309,449	\$ 12,610,116

Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget included a \$27,000 decrease in appropriations, summarized as follows:

- \$1,754,000 increase in personnel costs
- \$737,000 increase in outside services
- \$227,000 increase in risk management costs
- \$75,000 increase in general administrative expense
- \$100,000 increase in vehicle costs

Partially offset by:

- \$233,000 decrease in materials and supplies
- \$2,631,000 decrease in energy expense

In addition, the final amended budget included the following revenue adjustments:

• \$1,870,000 increase in passenger fares

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

- \$3,500,000 increase in miscellaneous revenue
- \$27,000 decrease in subsidy revenue

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. MTS' investment in capital assets net of depreciation as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 amounted to \$1,210 million and \$1,256 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and construction-in-progress. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- MTS has begun a multi-year bus acquisition program, and has expended \$3.7 million in the current year for vehicles delivered to Other Contracted Services.
- Construction continued on the Automated Fare Collection System with \$2.5 million expended in the current fiscal year, bringing the total construction-in-progress for this project to \$40 million.
- Construction on the San Ysidro Intermodal Transportation Center was completed for a total cost of \$28 million.
- Completed capital projects totaling \$18.7 million were transferred from SANDAG and other governments to MTS and its component units during FY 2008.

		APITAL ASS Jet of deprecia			
	`	2006			
Land	\$	221,853,921	\$ 221,858,391	\$	189,011,676
Buildings		720,488,894	703,841,608		798,272,004
Vehicles		172,200,068	203,308,050		174,397,242
Equipment & other		24,659,028	25,226,977		7,377,087
Construction-in-progress		71,111,063	102,219,226		119,475,157
Total	\$	1,210,312,974	\$ 1,256,454,253	\$	1,288,533,165

Additional information on MTS' capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, MTS has two capital lease obligations outstanding in the amounts of \$7.6 million and \$188,000. In addition, MTS has two finance obligations outstanding relating to a lease/leaseback transaction entered into in 1995 and Pension Obligation Bonds issued in fiscal year 2005, for a total obligation of \$195.7 million. In connection with the lease/leaseback transaction, MTS placed funds on deposit, which, together with the interest earned on the deposits, will be sufficient to cover the amounts due under the finance obligation. The pension obligation bonds were issued in fiscal 2005 for \$77.5 million to make a contribution to the SDTC retirement plan and reduce its unfunded liability. During the current year, MTS retired two certificates of

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 and 2007

participation issued to fund construction projects and one finance obligation related to the sale/leaseback of light rail vehicles in 1990.

Bond Ratings

Moody's Investor's service provided an intrinsic rating for the Pension Obligation Bonds at Aaa in 2004. Additional information on MTS' long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of MTS' finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Controller, MTS, 1255 Imperial Avenue, Suite 1000, San Diego, CA 92101.

FINANCIAL SECTION

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DRAFT

DRAFT
San Diego Metropolitan Transit System
Statement of Net Assets

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

		2008	2007		
Assets					
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments restricted for debt service payable within one year Accounts and other receivables Due from other governments Materials and supplies inventory Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	83,713,551 1,247,951 9,137,277 53,529,439 8,114,496 1,566,377	\$	46,201,913 4,877,796 14,970,464 43,846,179 6,570,863 3,694,203	
Total current assets		157,309,091		120,161,418	
Noncurrent assets: Cash and certificates of deposit restricted for capital support Investments restricted for debt service and capital projects Unamortized bond issuance cost Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Net pension assets		5,595,161 115,277,738 1,141,014 1,210,312,975 64,680,638		5,582,755 133,302,151 1,463,865 1,256,454,253 66,180,638	
Total noncurrent assets		1,397,007,526		1,462,983,662	
Total assets	\$_	1,554,316,617	_	1,583,145,080	

DRAFT
San Diego Metropolitan Transit System
Statement of Net Assets, Continued
For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	15,502,799	10,689,581
Due to other governments	13,312,768	20,164,812
Unearned revenue	459,585	11,384,126
Accrued expenses	10,044,587	9,745,217
Retentions payable	132,999	352,965
Due within one year:		
Bond premium	25,148	57,120
Compensated absences payable	6,795,488	6,975,897
Accrued damage, injury, and employee claims	4,136,494	3,082,778
Long-term debt	2,101,539	12,445,131
Long-term debt payable from restricted assets	1,247,950	4,877,796
Total current liabilities	53,759,357	79,775,423
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Retentions payable from restricted assets	5,595,161	5,582,755
Accrued damage, injury, and employee claims payable from restricted assets	•	1,225,201
Long-term debt payable from restricted assets	115,277,738	112,794,278
Bond Premium	261,957	287,105
Compensated absences payable, due in more than one year	5,954,109	4,775,563
Accrued damage, injury, and employee claims, due in more than one year	19,142,359	14,503,536
Accrued other post employment benefits	3,910,722	-
Long-term debt, due in more than one year	84,838,704	103,281,652
Total noncurrent liabilities	234,980,750	242,450,090
Total liabilities	288,740,107	322,225,515
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,079,967,043	1,097,675,395
Unrestricted	185,609,461	163,244,169
Total net assets	\$ 1,265,576,504	1,260,919,565

DRAFT
San Diego Metropolitan Transit System
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets
For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	2008	2007		
Operating revenues: Passenger revenue	\$ 75,938,626	\$ 68,634,694		
Advertising	1,118,697	1,001,597		
Charter	63,435	44,999		
Miscellaneous operating revenues	3,671,549	3,703,043		
Total operating revenues	80,792,307	73,384,333		
Operating expenses: Personnel costs	101,347,479	89,750,761		
Outside services	64,940,409	62,629,613		
Transit operations funding	3,852,449	5,438,052		
Materials and supplies	7,590,216	7,266,337		
Energy costs	27,210,670	22,767,220		
Risk management	3,898,094	5,614,889		
Miscellaneous operating expenses	1,974,588	944,296		
Amortization of net pension asset	1,500,000	1,455,000		
Depreciation	85,543,426	74,472,549		
Total operating expenses	297,857,331	270,338,717		
Operating income (loss)	(217,065,024)	(196,954,384)		
Public support and nonoperating revenues:	47,889,694	48,950,712		
Federal revenue Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds	79,271,656	84,941,254		
State Transit Assistance (STA) funds	14,622,782	21,458,830		
State revenue - other	41,158,739	10,929,552		
TransNet funds	16,968,565	16,223,926		
Other local subsidies	967,638	1,828,068		
Investment earnings	13,394,279	13,349,080		
Interest expense	(10,666,621)	(14,229,812)		
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	87,898	(1,260,113)		
Other expenses	(141,711)	(355,528)		
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(322,852)			
Total public support and nonoperating revenues (expenses)	203,230,067	181,835,969		
Income (loss) before contributed capital	(13,834,957)	(15,118,415)		
Contributed capital	18,491,897	27,728,531		
Change in net assets	4,656,940	12,610,116		
Net assets, beginning of year	1,260,919,564	1,248,309,449		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,265,576,504	\$ 1,260,919,565		

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 82,067,626	64,612,107
Payments to suppliers	(102,954,858)	(102,703,644)
Payments to employees	(99,483,764)	(93,839,698)
Payments for damage and injury	(77,646)	(55,568)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(120,448,642)	(131,986,803)
Cash flows from noncapital fina nci ng activities:		
Public support funds received	180,121,920	206,909.446
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	180,121,920	206,909,446
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Debt service costs	(33,203,899)	(26,597,225)
Property acquisition	(16,039,130)	(19,487,354)
Property disposal	7,876	12,004
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	(49,235,152)	(46,072,575)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received on investments	2,846,681	737,649
Investments liquidated	24,226,833	17,756,235
Investments purchased		(9,325,000)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	27,073,514	9,168,884
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	37,511,639	38,018,952
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	46,201,913	8,182,961
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	83,713,551	46,201,913
Operating income (loss)	(217,065,024)	(196,954,382)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	87,043,426	75,92 7,549
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts and other receivables	(2,538,959)	(8,344,087)
Materials and supplies inventory	(1,543,633)	256,378
Prepaid and other current assets	2,119,746	(1,095,971)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	6,311,893	(1,089,463)
Accrued expenses	4,210,092	4,253,534
Unearned revenue	22,351	-
Compensated absences payable	998,137	(255,360)
Accrued damage, injury and employee claims	(6,970)	(3,968,000)
Total adjustments	96,616,082	64,967,580

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2008 - DRAFT

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

	2008	2007
Contributions of capital assets from SANDAG	\$ 18,674,817 \$	24,972,252
Contributions/adjustments of capital assets from other governments	 (103,151)	2,756,279
Total contributions of capital assets	\$ 18,461,897 \$	27,728,531

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying basic financial statements of the San Diego Metropolitan Transit System (MTS) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards. The more significant of MTS' accounting policies are described below.

(a) Reporting Entity

MTS (formerly San Diego Metropolitan Transit Development Board) was formed on January 26, 1976 by passage of California Senate Bill 101 to plan, construct, and operate (or let contracts to operate) exclusive public mass transit guideways in the urbanized south coastal area of San Diego County. MTS has certain responsibilities for near-term transportation planning and administration of federal and state transportation funds within the area under its jurisdiction. The Board of Directors of MTS consists of 15 members composed of four appointees from the San Diego City Council, one appointee from each City Council of Chula Vista, Coronado, El Cajon, Imperial Beach, La Mesa, Lemon Grove, National City, Poway, and Santee, and one appointee from the San Diego County Board of Supervisors and a chairman elected by the other 14 members.

On January 1, 2003, California Senate Bill 1703 (SB 1703) became effective. SB 1703 required the consolidation of the planning and programming functions of MTS and the North San Diego County Transit District (NCTD) into the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) in an initial transfer to take place prior to July 1, 2003. SB 1703 also required the consolidation of the project development and construction functions of MTS and NCTD into SANDAG in a subsequent transfer to take place prior to January 30, 2004. The initial transfer occurred on July 1, 2003, and the subsequent transfer occurred on October 13, 2003. With these actions, employees were transferred from MTS and NCTD to SANDAG, and certain planning, development, and construction functions were also transferred. As a result, MTS' activities in the future will be focused on operating public transit systems in the urbanized area identified above. In addition to the consolidation required by SB 1703, MTS dissolved the independent Board of Directors of San Diego Transit Corporation (SDTC) and Board of Directors of San Diego Trolley, Inc. (SDTI). MTS now acts as the Board of Directors for all three agencies, MTS, SDTC, and SDTI. Beginning in FY 2004, SDTC and SDTI are presented as blended component units.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present MTS and its legally separate component units, entities for which MTS is considered to be financially accountable. GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, discusses the criteria used to determine the reporting status of the primary government's component units. Because MTS appoints a majority of the component units' boards of directors, the boards are substantively the same, and MTS is able to impose its will on the component units, MTS presents blended component units.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of MTS' operations.

Included within the reporting entity as blended component units:

San Diego Transit Corporation: On July 1, 1985, MTS purchased the assets used by and acquired sole ownership of San Diego Transit Corporation (SDTC) from the City of San Diego for \$1. SDTC has entered into an operating agreement with MTS to operate a public transportation bus system in the City of San Diego and certain regional routes within MTS' jurisdictions. The current agreement, which was approved in December, 2006, will expire June 30, 2010. SDTC continues to provide local service to a number of adjoining cities under pre-existing contracts. Purchases or construction of bus capital items are made by MTS with whom title remains, and are contributed to SDTC upon completion of a project or when individually purchased by MTS. SDTC's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses are included in MTS' financial statements as a blended component unit. This agency has the same governing board as MTS and provides services directly to the public.

San Diego Trolley, Inc.: San Diego Trolley, Inc. (SDTI) was organized by MTS in August 1980. SDTI was created to operate and maintain the Light Rail Transit (LRT) system pursuant to an operating agreement with MTS. The current agreement, which was approved in December, 2006, will expire June 30, 2010. Purchases or construction of LRT capital items are made by MTS with whom title remains, and are contributed to SDTI upon completion of a project or when individually purchased by MTS. SDTI's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses are included in MTS' financial statements as a blended component unit. This agency has the same governing board as MTS and provides services directly to the public.

San Diego and Arizona Eastern Railway Company: MTS purchased the San Diego and Arizona Eastern Railway Company (SD&AE) in 1979. SDTI operates on a portion of the line and private operators provide freight service on a portion of the line. Purchases of capital items are made by MTS with whom title remains, and are contributed to SD&AE when purchased by MTS. SD&AE's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses are included in MTS' financial statements as a blended component unit. This agency has a separate governing board, which is appointed by MTS. Separate financial reports are not available.

(b) Financial Statements

The Financial Statements (i.e., the statement of net assets, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and statement of cash flows) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. Interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Financial Statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by MTS.

MTS receives funding primarily from the following revenue sources:

Passenger Revenue

Passenger fares make up approximately 31 percent of MTS' \$239 million operating budget.

Other Operating Revenues

MTS receives a variety of operating revenues that are not received directly from passenger fares. The sources of these revenues are advertising, interest income, rental and land management income, income related to Taxicab administration, income from the SD&AE, and other miscellaneous income.

Non Operating Revenues

MTS receives subsidies that are derived from federal, state and local tax revenues. MTS does not levy or collect any tax funds, but receives allocated portions of tax funds through federal, state and local granting agencies.

Federal Transit Administration (FTA)

FTA revenues are funded by a federal gas tax and revenues of the federal general fund. MTS receives Section 5307 and Section 5309 grants which are earmarked for capital assistance and preventive maintenance, and Congestion Management and Air Quality (CMAQ) funds intended to subsidize the first three years' operations of trolley line extensions, which expire in the current year.

Transit Security Grant Program (TSGP)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

The Transit Security Grant Program (TSGP) is administered by the Department of Homeland Security (DHS). The program provides funds to owners and operators of transit systems to protect critical surface transportation infrastructure and the traveling public from acts of terrorism, major disasters, and other emergencies.

Compressed Natural Gas Rebate

Refunds on nontaxable uses of fuel are issued by the IRS.

Transportation Development Act (TDA)

TDA provides funding for public transit operators. This state fund is one quarter of a percent of the 7.75 percent sales tax assessed in the region. SANDAG is responsible for apportionment of these funds within the San Diego region.

State Transit Assistance (STA)

STA funding comes from the Public Transportation Act (PTA) which derives its revenue from the state sales tax on gasoline. These funds are designated as discretionary or formula. The former is appropriated by the legislature. The latter is a formula based upon population and fares generated.

Proposition 1B Revenue (Prop 1B)

The California Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement and Service Enhancement Act of 2006, approved by the voters as Proposition 1B (Prop 1B), in November 2006 authorizes the issuance of \$19.9 billion in general obligation bonds for the purpose of improving highway safety, traffic reduction, air quality, and port security.

Other State Revenue

CalTrans provides mitigation related funding for the Sorrento Valley area.

MediCal provides further funding support specifically tied to several ADA Paratransit routes to aid patients in their transportation to medical appointments.

TransNet

TransNet funds are derived from the Proposition A one-half cent local transportation sales tax which was approved by area voters in November 1987. The ordinance, which was scheduled to expire in 2008, has been extended to 2048. The ordinance allocated one-third of the sales tax proceeds for transit purposes, which are further divided between MTS and North

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

County Transit District (NCTD) based on the proportion of the population with the area of each jurisdiction. TransNet funds are also apportioned by SANDAG.

Other Local Subsidies

The City of San Diego provides Maintenance of Effort funds to aid ADA efforts.

The Air Pollution Control District (APCD) provides support for the Sorrento Valley Coaster Connection.

(d) Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Assets

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is MTS' policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(e) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Investments of pooled cash consist primarily of bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, pooled investment funds, liquidity funds, governmental bonds, and commercial paper. Investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market price. Money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid temporary investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments were stated at fair value.

MTS participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pool funds in structured notes and asset-backed securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these structured notes and assets-backed securities are subject to market risk and to change in interest rates. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3), certain disclosure requirements, if applicable for deposit and investment risk, are specified for the following areas:

- Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

- Custodial Credit Risk
- Concentration of Credit Risk
- Foreign Currency Risk

(f) Materials and Supplies Inventory

Inventories are valued at the weighted average unit cost.

(g) Prepaid Items and Other Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year ended are recorded as prepaid items.

(h) Capital Assets

Capital assets include land and right-of-way, buildings and infrastructure assets, vehicles, and equipment. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are recorded as assets. Legal title of all SDTC property and equipment was transferred from the City of San Diego to MTS effective with MTS' purchase of SDTC on July 1, 1985. SDTC has recorded these assets at net book value in order to reflect SDTC's custodial accountability for the assets. Legal title of all County Transit System (CTS) property and equipment was transferred from the County of San Diego to MTS effective with MTS' acquisition of CTS on July 1, 2002. MTS has recorded these assets at net book value.

Under the operating agreements between MTS and SDTC and SDTI, SDTC and SDTI are required to pay a license fee to MTS for the use of certain capital assets. Due to SDTC's and SDTI's continued shortage of operating funds sufficient to cover recurring expenditures, the payment of these fees is considered remote, and therefore, these amounts were not recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements. Buildings, vehicles, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and structures	20 to 30
Vehicles and buses	5 to 30

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

Equipment and other capital assets	3 to 10
Capital leases	3 to 40

(i) Construction-in-Progress

Costs incurred for construction associated with the bus and LRT systems are capitalized as construction-in-progress until such time as they are complete and operational. Upon completion, they are contributed to SDTC and SDTI to reflect their custodial accountability for the assets. Depreciation commences at the time of contribution. Assets acquired through capital leases are capitalized.

(i) Net Pension Asset

A pension asset is created when an employer pays into a retirement plan amounts in excess of its annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC is an actuarially calculated amount that is sufficient to fund future costs and extinguish any existing unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). In October 2004, MTS made a payment of \$76,282,336 to SDTC Retirement Plan from the proceeds of the issuance of pension obligation bonds, of which \$69,050,638 was to reduce SDTC's UAAL as calculated at that time. The prepaid Net Pension Asset will be amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight line basis.

(k) Compensated Absences

It is MTS' policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal leave time, which includes both vacation and sick pay benefits. All personal leave time is accrued when incurred.

(1) Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

(m) Refunding of Debt

Gains or losses occurring from advance refunding of debt of the governmental funds have been deferred and are being amortized into expense using the straight-line method over the original remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is less.

(n) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(2) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

A summary of cash and investments at June 30, 2008 and 2007:

	2008	2,007
Cash and equivalents	\$ 83,713,551	\$46,201,913
Cash and certificates of deposit		
restricted for capital support	5,595,161	5,582,755
Investments restricted for debt service and capital	116,525,689	138,179,947
projects		
Total cash and investments	\$ 205,834,401	\$ 189,964,615

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments consisted as follows on June 30, 2008 and 2007:

Investment type	Fair value 2008 Fair value 2007			
Cash and equivalents:				
Demand deposits	\$ 19,929,934	\$ 16,272,307		
Retention Trust Account	5,595,161	5,582,755		
State of California - Local Agency Investment Fund	63,783,617	29,929,606		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,308,712	\$ 51,784,668		
Investments:				
Money Market	-	11,182,873		
U.S. Treasuries	30,278,476	26,502,756		
U.S. Agencies	-	13,043,959		
Bank Investment Contract	86,247,213	87,450,359		
Total investments	\$ 116,525,689	\$ 138,179,947		
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 205,834,401	\$ 189,964,615		

At year end the carrying amount of demand deposits was \$19,929,934 and the bank balance was \$29,300 compared to \$16,272,307 and \$3,030,586 in the previous year, of which the total amount was collateralized or insured with securities held by the pledging financial institutions in MTS' name as discussed below. The variance between bank balance and carrying amount is attributable to the overnight investment described below.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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All cash accounts in MTS, including SDTC and SDTI, are pooled and swept nightly to a concentration account. The money is in turn swept to overnight investment products managed under the terms of the MTS banking services contract. In FY 07, only funds in excess of \$3 million were swept, however this minimum was eliminated in FY 08 accounting for the \$3 million decrease in the bank balance at the end of the year. Funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures are not included in the pooled cash account.

Investments

Under the provisions of MTS' investment policy and in accordance with California Government Code, MTS is authorized to invest or deposit in the following:

- Securities of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Obligations of the State of California or any local agency within the state rated A or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investor Services, Inc.
- Repurchase agreements
- Bankers' acceptances
- Commercial paper rated A or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investor Services, Inc.
- Medium-term corporate notes rated A or higher by Standard and Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investor Services, Inc.
- Negotiable certificates of deposit
- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) established by the State Treasurer
- San Diego County Pooled Money Fund
- Passbook savings or money market demand deposits with an FDIC, SIPC, or SAIF insured financial institution

Local Agency Investment Funds

MTS' investments with Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

- Structured Notes debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.
- Asset-Backed Securities the bulk of which are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

As of June 30, 2008, MTS had \$63,783,617 invested in LAIF which had invested 14.72% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities compared to \$29,929,606 and 3.466% at June 30, 2007.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, MTS' investment policy limits investments to a maximum of five years unless otherwise approved by the Board. The investment instruments with maturities beyond five years are held for scheduled repayment of long-term debt. Maturities are scheduled to permit MTS to meet all projected obligations.

Credit Risk

MTS' investment policy limits investments in commercial paper and negotiable certificates of deposit to instruments rated A or better by Standard and Poor's or Moody's Investor Services, Inc. MTS' investments are rated by the nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as follows:

	Moody's	Standard and Poor's
Investment Pool		
State of California Local Agency		
Investment Fund	Not rated	Not rated
Money Market Account		
Bank of New York	Not rated	Not rated
US Government Securities		
U.S. Treasury Bonds	AAA	AAA
Investment Contract		
Rabobank Investment Contract	Not Rated	Not Rated

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy limits the amount of the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested by the type of investment for certain types of investments. MTS is in compliance with investment type percentages of the total portfolio of the investment policy.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the broker or dealer to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the MTS' cash deposits by pledging

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securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in MTS' name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the MTS' cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure MTS deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the MTS' total cash deposits. MTS may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits which are fully insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. MTS, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

Summary of Investments to Maturity

Investments held by MTS grouped by maturity date at June 30, 2008 and 2007, are shown below:

Maturity	2008	2007
Current to one year	\$ 89,308,713	\$ 62,967,541
One to two years	-	13,043,959
Five to ten years	30,278,476	26,502,756
Ten to twenty years	86,247,213	87,450,359
Total	\$205,834,402	\$189,964,615

(3) Accounts Receivable

(a) Accounts and other receivables

As of June 30, 2008 and 2007, accounts and other receivables consisted of the following:

	2008	2007
Pass sales/farebox revenue receivables	\$ - \$	7,735,091
Pension plan receivable	3,863,127	2,652,092
Interest receivable	3,720,355	3,702,664
Miscellaneous trade receivables	1,093,821	408,079
Advertising receivable	459,975	472,535
Total accounts and other receivables	\$ 9,137,277 \$	14,970,464

(b) Due from other governments

As of June 30, 2008 and 2007, amounts due from other governments consisted of the following:

	2008	2007
FTA grant funds	\$ 31,358,187	\$ 30,862,509

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

SANDAG - Pass Sales	9,380,020	-
STA funds	4,874,261	7,417,404
City of Chula Vista	2,797,471	671,353
US Treasury Dept CNG tax rebate	2,098,290	870,965
County of San Diego	2,036,508	2,373,233
State of California	246,500	468,568
SANDAG	500,917	410,596
City of San Diego	220,418	292,862
North County Transit District	16,865	16,374
TDA Funds	-	386,580
National City	-	75,735
Total due from other governments	\$ 53,529,439 \$	43,846,179

(4) Inventory

At June 30, 2008 and 2007, inventory consists of the following repair and maintenance parts for revenue vehicles:

	2008	2007
San Diego Transit Corp.	\$ 2,061,482	\$ 1,988,928
San Diego Trolley, Inc.	6,053,014	4,581,935
	\$ 8,114,496	\$ 6,570,863

(5) Capital Assets

MTS converted \$52.9 million in capital assets from CIP to assets in service compared to \$32.7 million in FY 2007. Capital asset additions totaling \$18.7 million were contributed by SANDAG and other governments, including \$9 million to Other Contracted Services, \$2.3 million to SDTC, and \$7.3 million to SDTI. In FY 2007, the contributions from SANDAG and other governments totaled \$28 million.

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance, July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	and Transfers	June 30, 2008
Capital assets, not depreciated Land and right-of-way Construction-in-progress	\$ 221,858,391 \$ 102,219,226	17,856,064 \$ 21,834,956	(17,860,534) (52,943,119)		\$ 221,853,921 71,111,063

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

Total capital assets, not depreciated	324,077,617	39,691,020	(70,803,653)		292,964,984
Capital assets, depreciated:					
Buildings and structures	1,107,414,896	64,018,983	(2,321,278)		1,169,112,601
Buses and Vehicles	387,842,589	4,114,596	(2,735,558)	24,436	389,246,063
Equipment and other	43,543,348	4,492,902	(1,530,144)	(24,436)	46,827,528
Capital lease property	12,437,839	, , <u>-</u>	•	-	12,437,839
Total capital assets, depreciated	1,551,238,672	72,626,481	(6,586,980)		1,617,278,173
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and structures	(408,928,223)	(46,473,558)	2,054,731		(453,347,049)
Buses and vehicles	(184,534,539)	(32,872,150)	1,502,487	(24,436)	(215,928,637)
Equipment and other	(18,316,371)	(5,750,672)	918,059	24,436	(23,124,547)
Capital lease property	(7,082,904)	(447,046)		ŕ	(7,529,950)
Total accumulated depreciation	(618,862,036)	(85,543,426)	4,475,279	-	(699,930,183)
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	(010,002,050)	(05,5,15,120)	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	932,376,636	(13,038,120)	(1,990,526)	-	917,347,990
Total capital assets	\$ 1,256,454,253	\$ 26,774,075	\$ (72,915,355) \$	- (\$ 1,210,312,974
•					

Depreciation expense for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2008 is comprised of the following:

2008	2007
\$ 2,114,203 \$	1,902,698
13,718,776	5,349,729
14,495,763	9,526,805
55,214,684	57,693,317
\$ 85,543,426 \$	74,472,549
\$	\$ 2,114,203 \$ 13,718,776 14,495,763 55,214,684

(6) Construction Commitments

Construction-in-progress is comprised of the following at June 30, 2008 and 2007:

	Expended through June 30, 2008	Contractually Committed	Expended through June 30, 2007	Contractually Committed
SYITC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,810,03	5 \$ 1,829,914
12th & Market Station Retrofit			8,842,39	694,928
Orange-Blue Line Connection			850,82	4 -
12th Avenue Corridor Impr			706,98	2 282,907
LRV Body Rehab	1,624,913	26,005	998,10	2 2,504
Rehab traction motors	1,194,957	1,048,497		
LRV Tires	1,032,818	123,260		
Mills Building Procurement	648,900	264,500		
SDTC yard fence/security	634,771	188,413		
Blue Line TTE	468,075	7,232		
IAD/KMD vacuum replace	420,716	46,798		
Other projects	6,695,232	2 12,841,152	282,75	0 11,380,866
Total MTS managed projects	12,720,382	2 14,545,858	39,491,08	8 14,191,120
Automated Fare Collection	40,449,135	5 24,017,455	37,890,06	9 -
I-15 Bus Rapid Transit	11,315,478	56,487	11,315,47	-

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

Total construction-in-progress	\$71,111,063	38,812,838	102,219,226	14,191,120
Total SANDAG managed projects	58,390,681	24,266,980	62,728,138	<u>-</u>
Other projects	1,068,769	178,038	1,619,573	
East County Bus Maint Facility	-	-	3,267,411	-
SBMF Expansion	-	-	3,553,137	-
Fiber Optic Communications	474,829	15,000	•	-
Gaslamp Station Impr	537,775	-	537,775	-
Nobel Dr Coaster Station Impr	1,078,709	-	1,078,709	-
IAD Land Expansion	3,465,985	-	3,465,985	-

(7) Net Pension Asset

In August 2004, MTS issued the 2004 Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds to fund 85% of the SDTC's unfunded accrued actuarial liability (UAAL) and the normal cost reimbursement for the fiscal year 2008. As a result, the Pension Obligation Bonds of \$77,490,000 were sold and \$76,282,336 was deposited into the pension plan in October 2004. Of this amount \$7,231,698 was funded for the FY 2005 contribution and \$69,050,638 was funded for prior year unfunded accrued actuarial liability.

As of June 30, 2008, the Net Pension Asset amounted to \$64,680,638, and current year amortization was \$1,500,000 compared to \$66,180,638 and \$1,455,000 in FY07.

(8) Due to other governments

At June 30, 2008 and 2007, amounts due to other governments consisted of the following:

	2008	2007
SANDAG - STA funds for construction projects in process	\$ 7,506,240	\$ 10,523,040
SANDAG - Day Pass Sales	4,132,302	
SANDAG - Bubsidy Revenue	1,252,519	
SANDAG - Glosidy Revende SANDAG - CIP Reimbursement	152,470	
City of Lemon Grove - TDA Funds	121,170	
City of El Cajon - TDA Funds	90,783	
City of San Diego - Shared Revenue	57,283	
SANDAG - in repayment of advance construction projects	,	8,554,772
		1,087,000
SANDAG - TransNet funds	 13,312,768	
Total due to other governments	 13,312,700	Ψ 2 0,101,012

(9) Unearned revenue

At June 30, 2008 and 2007 unearned revenue consisted of the following:

	2008 2		2007	
Lease payments received in advance Land management deposits STIP funds for retirement of project bonds	\$ 414,717 44,868 -	\$	94,159 123,078 11,166,889	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

\$ 459,585 \$	11,384,126

(10) Long-Term Debt

a) Summary

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance at July 1, 2007	Additions and net increases	Reductions and net decreases	Balance at June 30, 2008	Amounts due within one year	more than one year
MTS:	\$ 8,331,038	• -	\$ (525,703)	\$ 7,805,335	\$ 546,539	\$ 7,258,796
Capital lease obligations Finance obligation	150,447,820	Ψ -	(27,907,225)	122,540,595	1,247,951	121,292,644
Deferred amounts for issuance	,,				07.140	261.057
premium	344,225	•	(57,120)	287,105	25,148 360,077	261,957 406,045
Compensated absences payable	732,228	259,765	(225,871)	766,122	300,077	400,045
Accrued damage, injury, and employee claims	3,967,515	6,431,539	(1,225,201)	9,173,853	1,603,539	7,570,314
Accrued other post employment	3,707,313	0, 15 1,000	(-,,,	, ,		
benefits	-	917,550	(24,446)		-	893,104
Total MTS	163,822,826	7,608,854	(29,965,566)	141,466,114	3,783,254	137,682,860
a pl a la						
San Diego Transit Corporation: Pension Obligation Bonds	74,620,000		(1,500,000)	73,120,000	1,555,000	71,565,000
Compensated absences payable	8,454,915	4,305,120	(3,520,897)		3,885,122	5,354,016
Accrued damage, injury, and	, ,					0.700.513
employee claims	10,869,000	1,661,959	(2,153,959)	10,377,000	1,588,488	8,788,512
Accrued other post employment		1,525,800	(598,874)	926,926	-	926,926
benefits Total SDTC	93,943,915	7,492,879				86,634,454
Total SDTC	93,943,913	7,472,077	(1,113,130)			
San Diego Trolley, Inc.:			(0.055.501)	2 744 226	2,550,289	194,047
Compensated absences payable	2,564,318	3,055,799	(2,875,781)	2,744,336	2,330,269	174,047
Accrued damage, injury, and employee claims	3,975,000	759,679	(1,006,679)	3,728,000	944,467	2,783,533
Accrued other post employment	3,775,000	755,075	(1,000,000)			
benefits	-	2,140,950				2,090,692
Total SDTI	6,539,318	5,956,428	(3,932,718)	8,563,028	3,494,756	5,068,272
Total	\$264,306,059	\$ 21,058,162	\$ (41,672,015	\$ 243,692,206	\$ 14,306,620	\$ 229,385,586
Reconciliation to Statement of N	et Assets:					
Due within one year					25,148	
Bond premium					6,795,489	
Compensated absences payable	1 1.1				4,136,494	
Accrued damage, injury, and em	pioyee ciaims				2,101,539	
Long-term debt	stricted access				1,247,950	
Long-term debt payable from res	stricted assets				\$ 14,306,619	_
Noncurrent liabilities:						_
Long-term debt payable from res	stricted assets					115,277,738
Bond premium						261,957 5,954,108

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

Accrued damage, injury and employee claims Accrued other post employment benefits Long-term debt	17,142,359 3,910,722 84,838,702 \$ 229,385,588
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During FY 2008 MTS retired the 1990 LRV sale/leaseback obligation and bonds related to the 2002 Regional Transportation Management System project and the 2003 Automated Fare Collection project.

(b) Capital Leases

The County of San Diego (the County) has a master lease agreement with the MTS Joint Powers Agency (Agency) for the lease of the MTS Tower building. MTS entered into a sublease agreement with the County for a portion (27.61%) of the MTS Tower building. The sublease is classified as a capital lease because 27.61% of the title transfers to MTS at the end of the County's master lease. The master lease terminates on November 1, 2086; however, the County has the option to terminate the agreement on November 1, 2041 and each tenth anniversary thereafter

In February 2006, MTS entered into a lease agreement with Toshiba America Information Systems for the acquisition of telecommunications equipment. The lease is classified as a capital lease because title to the equipment will transfer to MTS when the lease terminates in January 2011.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	2008	2007
Building – MTS Tower	\$ 12,091,981	\$ 12,091,981
Toshiba telecommunications equipment	345,858	345,858
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,529,950)	(7,082,904)
Total	\$ 4,907,889	\$ 5,354,935

The following is a summary of future minimum payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2008:

	Tower lease payments	Toshiba equipment lease payments	Total lease payments
Year ending June 30:		e 76.920	\$ 923,824
2009	\$ 847,004	\$ 76,820	
2010	843,070	76,820	919,890
2011	864,123	44,812	908,934
2012	833,027	-	833,027
2013	851,210	•	851,210
2014-2018	4,214,150	-	4,214,150
2019-2020	1,691,241	-	1,691,241
Total minimum lease payments	10,143,826	198,451	10,342,277
Less amount representing interest	(2,526,228)	(10,715)	(2,536,942)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 7,617,599	\$ 187,737	\$ 7,805,335

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

At June 30, 2008, the future minimum payments were \$7,805,335.

(c) Finance Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in finance obligations for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance at July 1, 2007	Additions and net increases	Reductions and net decreases	Balance at June 30, 2008	Amounts due within one year	Amounts due in more than one year
1995 LRV Lease/Leaseback	\$123,699,432		\$ (1,158,836)	\$ 122,540,596	\$ 1,247,951	
Pension Obligation Bonds	74,620,000		(1,500,000)	73,120,000	1,555,000	71,565,000
1990 LRV Sale/Leaseback	3,823,388	-	(3,823,388)	-	-	-
2002 San Diego Regional Transit Management System Project	3,770,000	-	(3,770,000)	-	-	-
2003 Regional Fare Collection Project	19,155,000		(19,155,000)		-	#102.957.CA5
Total Finance Obligations	225,067,820	\$.	\$ (29,407,225)	\$ 195,660,596	\$ 2,802,951	\$192,857,645

(d) Pension Obligation Bonds

In October 2004, MTS issued \$77,490,000 of Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds (POBs) for the benefit of SDTC. The purpose of the bonds was to make contributions to the San Diego Transit Corporation Retirement Plan and reduce its unfunded liability. This is in essence a hedge versus the assumed investment rate of 8% used by the actuary to determine the Actuarial Accrued Liability. The proceeds less fees were invested into the retirement plan. The bonds consist of the following:

Series A Bonds of \$38,690,000 are fixed rate bonds that mature in annual installments between 2006 and 2014 and bear an interest rate from 2.58% to 5.15% increasing progressively over the maturities. Interest is due and payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. Principal is due and payable on December 1.

Series B Bonds of \$38,800,000 are variable rate bonds that mature in annual installments between 2024 to 2034. Interest is adjusted on a weekly basis indexed to London Interbank Borrowing Rate (Libor) and payable on a monthly basis. In August 2005, MTS entered into a seven year agreement with UBS investment bank to fix the interest at 4.424%. Under this agreement SDTC pays the variable Libor rate and UBS pays or bills for the difference from the fixed 4.424% rate.

At June 30, 2008, the outstanding balance of the Pension Obligation Bonds is \$73,120,000.

Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2009	1,555,000	3,313,432	4,868,432
2010	1,615,000	3,254,351	4,869,351
2011	1,685,000	3,188,891	4,873,891
2012	1,755,000	3,117,132	4,872,132
2013	1,830,000	3,016,614	4,846,614
2014-2018	10,540,000	13,657,671	24,197,671
2019-2023	13,495,000	10,711,627	24,206,627

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

2034	1,600,000 \$ 73,120,000	\$ 50,129,187	1,634,768 \$ 123,249,187
2029-2033	21,800,000	2,798,824	24,598,824
2024-2028	17,245,000	7,035,877	24,280,877

(e) 1995LRV Lease/Leaseback – In fiscal year 1996, MTS entered into a master lease to lease 52 light rail vehicles to an investor and then simultaneously entered into a sublease agreement to lease them back. MTS received prepayments of the master lease from the investor of approximately \$102.7 million, of which it used approximately \$90.7 million to place two investments which will be used to make the interest and principal payments on the finance obligation. MTS placed \$78.8 million in a fixed rate deposit and invested \$11.9 million in government zero-coupon bonds. The interest earned on the deposit, together with the principal amount of the deposit and the maturities of the zero-coupon bonds are sufficient to cover the amounts due under the finance obligation. As of June 30, 2008, the remaining future obligations total \$122,540,596.

	Principal		Interest	 Total
Year ending June 30:				
2009		1,247,951	6,340,434	7,588,385
2010		1,343,918	6,240,797	7,584,715
2011		1,447,266	6,133,498	7,580,764
2012		1,558,561	6,017,948	7,576,509
2013		1,678,414	5,893,512	7,571,926
2014-2018		54,230,400	27,123,183	81,353,583
2019-2023		37,342,982	17,303,046	54,646,028
2024-2026		23,691,103	2,015,568	25,706,672
2021 2020	\$	122,540,596 \$		\$ 199,608,582

For the above lease transactions, MTS is obligated to insure and maintain the equipment. The lease agreements also provide for MTS' right to continued use and control of the equipment. The LRVs acquired under the various finance obligations have been transferred to and are recorded by SDTI.

For the 1995 LRV lease/leaseback, as well as the 1990 sale/leaseback that was retired in 2008, MTS has also agreed to indemnify the lessors for any taxes imposed by United States taxing authorities.

(11) Risk Management

MTS (including SDTI, SDTC, and Other Contracted Services) are self-insured for liability claims under a combined insurance program to a maximum of \$2,000,000 per occurrence. Amounts in excess of the self-insurance retention limits for public liability are covered by excess insurance by MTS through commercial insurance carriers up to \$75,000,000. MTS, SDTI, and SDTC purchase all-risk (excluding earthquake) insurance coverage for property damage up to \$600,000,000 per occurrence with deductibles ranging from \$25,000 to \$100,000, depending on the peril involved. In addition, MTS, SDTC, and SDTI are self-insured for costs arising from employee workers' compensation act benefit claims including

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

employer's liability to a retained limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Amounts in excess of \$1,000,000 are insured up to \$2,000,000 per occurrence. SDTC and MTS are self-insured for unemployment claims. SDTC and SDTI have policies for crime coverage through commercial insurance.

Claims expenditures and liabilities in connection with these self-insurance programs are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported based upon past experience, modified for current trends and information. Claim payments up to \$2,000,000 per incident were recorded as general and administrative expenses in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets. Claim payments did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

	Beginning of fiscal year	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claims payments	End of fiscal year liability	
MTS: 2005 – 2006 2006 – 2007 2007 – 2008	\$ 23,271,150 27,140,503 18,811,515	\$ 6,692,772 (4,766,193) 6,739,625	\$ (2,823,419) (3,562,795) (2,272,287)		

Following is summary of accrued damage injury, and employee claims for fiscal years 2008 and 2007:

		2008		2007
Accrued damage, injury and employee claims	\$	4,136,494	\$	3,082,778
Current portion		19,142,359		15,728,737
Non-current portion	9	23 278 853	\$	18,811,515
Total	_Ψ	23,27,3,000	<u> </u>	

MTS has established a policy to consolidate the minimum balances required in the liability claims reserve accounts of SDTC and SDTI to be held by MTS. The policy also established eligible uses for the MTS reserve account, which included the reimbursement to SDTC and SDTI of awards/settlements of individual liability claims for personal injury and/or property damage in excess of \$300,000, but within the self-insurance retention at SDTC and SDTI. In connection with these self-insurance programs, liabilities for SDTC, SDTI and MTS were \$23,278,853 at June 30, 2008 and \$18,811,515 at June 30, 2007.

At June 30, 2007, The Board designated \$2,000,000 for the purposes of funding the future claims liabilities of MTS, SDTI, and SDTC.

(12) Contingencies

MTS, SDTC, and SDTI have been named in certain legal actions pending at June 30, 2008. While the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management of MTS, SDTC,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

and SDTI, based in part on the advice of counsel, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of MTS, SDTC, or SDTI or is adequately covered by insurance. In addition, MTS has been named in a number of claims related to various construction projects. While the outcome of these claims is not presently determinable, MTS has recorded an estimated liability to reserve for a potential loss of \$8,000,000.

Grant funds received by MTS are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. The management of MTS believes that such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Federal arbitrage regulations require analysis of tax-exempt bonds, which was completed this year for the two bonds that were retired in FY08. No further analysis is required.

During 1990 and 1995, MTS entered into sale/leaseback and lease/leaseback arrangements related to the acquisition of 52 trolley cars. These agreements provided tax benefits for the purchaser/lessor. Certain terms of the agreements call for repayment to the purchaser/lessor if the tax consequences of the agreement are lost or changed due to changes in the Internal Revenue Code. Subsequent changes in the Internal Revenue Code may cause an amount to be repaid to the purchaser/lessor, which is essentially the portion of the proceeds relating to the tax benefits lost by the purchaser/lessor. No repayment has been requested to date, and the amount of any future request is not estimable at this time.

MTS learned in FY 2007 that the freight operator who has managed SD&AE operations in the past filed federal and state corporate tax returns through calendar year 2005, which were not required for this not for profit corporation. Under the direction of tax consultants, MTS directed that the freight operator prepare a final return for calendar year 2007. Because SD&AE has never reported taxable income, and because the federal and state statutes provide exemption from income tax for not for profit corporations management does not anticipate any future tax liability in the event the Internal Revenue selects these or previous returns for examination.

(13) Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Pursuant to new reporting requirements established in Statement 45 issued by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) effective this year, MTS provides information below about its post-employment benefits other than pension payments (OPEB).

Plan Description: MTS participates in three different plans for three distinct groups of employees within its reporting entities: MTS and SDTI retirees participate in a plan provided by CalPers; SDTC management retirees participate in a self-funded plan provided by SDTC; and SDTC provides payments to operator and maintenance employee unions for provision of post-employment benefits as determined by each union. Total MTS payments for the year ended June 30, 2008 were \$24,446 for 9 retirees currently receiving post-employment health care benefits. Total SDTI payments for the year ended June 30, 2008 were \$50,258 for 21 retirees currently receiving benefits. Total SDTC payments for the year

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

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ended June 30, 2008 were \$295,074 for 48 management retirees currently receiving benefits. In the current year 140 union retirees received benefit payments of \$303,800.

Data for SDTI and MTS, which is not presented separately in the actuarial study, has been allocated to each entity based on participation rates within each entity. As of June 30, 2008, the net liability consists of the following:

Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)

Met Of ED Obligation (1100)	MTS	SDTI	SDTC	Total
Net NOO at June 30, 2007 Benefit payments paid outside of a trust Estimated contributions to a trust Annual OPEB cost	\$ (24,446) - 917,550	\$ (50,258) - 2,140,950	(598,874) - 1,525,800	\$ - (673,578) - 4,584,300
Net NOO at June 30, 2008	\$ 893,104	\$ 2,090,692	\$ 926,926	\$ 3,910,722

Eligibility. All employees are eligible after the fifth year of service and attaining age 50 for MTS and Trolley, 53 for SDTC management employees and 55 for SDTC union employees.

Participants as of June 30, 2008	Total
Current retirees and surviving spouses Other participants fully eligible for benefits Other participants not yet fully eligible for benefits Total	218 291 1,010 1,519

Funding policy. The contribution requirements of plan members and MTS are established by management and may be amended. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2008 MTS contributed \$673,578 to the plan. Plan members in MTS, SDTI and SDTC management plans receiving benefits contributed \$262,231 or approximately 41.5 percent of the total premiums. Information about the amounts contributed by SDTC union members is not currently available.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. MTS' annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the Annual Required contribution of the Employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excesses) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table show the components of MTS' annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plans, and the changes in MTS' net OPEB Obligation to the Plan:

	Total
Annual required contribution	\$ 2,560,100

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Interest on net OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	2,024,200
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	4,584,300
Contributions made	(673,578)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,910,722
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 3,910,722

MTS' annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2008 were as follows:

			% of Annual		
			OPEB cost	Nε	t OPEB
Fiscal year ended	Annual	OPEB Cost	Contributed	OŁ	oligation
6/30/2008		4,584,600	14.69%	\$	3,910,722

Information for the prior two years was not available because this was the first year of implementing GASB Statement 45.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of June 30, 2007, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded in its initial year of implementation. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$60,162,800, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) as of June 30, 2007, was \$63,257,100, and the ratio of UALL to covered payroll was 79 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2007, actuarial valuation the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuary

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

assumed 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of _____%, depending on the plan and type of health care service involved, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after ten years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2007, was 30 years.

(14) Employee Retirement Systems

(a) MTS and SDTI

Plan Description and Provisions

MTS' and SDTI's defined benefit pension plans provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plans are part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. MTS and SDTI select optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with PERS and adopt those benefits through local ordinance. Copies of the PERS annual financial report may be obtained from the PERS Executive Office – 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding Policy

All employees working the equivalent of 1,000 hours per year are eligible to participate as members of PERS. MTS and SDTI employees are eligible to retire at age 50 with at least five years of service. Annual retirement benefits are determined based on age at retirement, the length of membership service, and the amount of earnings based on the highest 12 consecutive months average. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. PERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report.

The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by PERS. MTS and SDTI employees are required to make contributions equal to 7% of gross pay for employees who are not covered by Social Security and 7% of gross pay after the first \$133.33 per month for employees who pay Social Security tax. MTS and SDTI are required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the PERS Board of Administration. In 2008, MTS paid the entire employee contribution for all employees, and SDTI paid the entire employee contribution for management and supervisory employees who were hired before June 30, 1988. For management and supervisory employees hired after June 30, 1988, SDTI paid half the employee contribution until their third anniversary, after which SDTI pays their full

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

contribution. Prior to January 1, 1992, SDTI paid half the employee contribution for non-managerial employees. As of January 1, 1992, the non-managerial employees pay the entire contribution.

The most recent funding progress schedule available for SDTI is presented below:

Valuation date	Actuarial value	Entry age normal accrued liability	Unfunded liability	Funded status	Annual covered payroli	UAAL as a % of payroll
06/30/07	54,017		(5,829)	90.3%	21,679	26.9%

Because MTS is a member of the CalPers risk pool for groups under 100, individual funding progress is not available.

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2008, MTS' and SDTI's annual required employer contributions were \$1,791,776 and \$2,349,620, respectively. The required contribution for fiscal year 2008 was determined as part of the June 30, 2006, actuarial valuation using the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); (b) projected salary increases from 3.25% to 14.45% depending on age, service, and type of employment; (c) 3.25% payroll growth adjustment; (d) 3.0% inflation adjustment; and (e) a merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation component of 3.0% and an annual production growth of 0.25%. The actuarial value of the assets of both plans was determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a fifteen-year period depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. MTS' and SDTI's initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or excess assets) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis depending on the plan's date of entry. Subsequent gains and losses are amortized over variable periods depending on the events precipitating the gain or loss. The average remaining amortization period at June 30, 2007, the most recent valuation date, was 17 years for MTS and 25 years for SDTI.

Trend information for MTS (in 000s):

Trend information for Na		Annual F Contril (AR	bution	Actual Contribution	Percentage of APC Contributed
	2006 2007 2008		1,267 \$ 1,546 1,792	1,267 1,546 1,792	100% 100% 100%

Trend information for SDTI(in 000s):

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

		Annual R Contrib (AR	oution	 ctual ribution	Percentage of APC Contributed
Fiscal year ended June 30:		_			1000/
20	06	\$	2,314	\$ 2,314	100%
20	07		2,231	2,231	100%
20			2,350	2,350	100%

(b) SDTC

Plan Description

The SDTC defined benefit pension plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All of SDTC's full-time employees and certain part-time noncontract employees who have completed one year of service in which they have worked at least 1,000 hours of service, and certain part-time contract employees participate in the San Diego Transit Corporation Employee Retirement Plan (the Plan), a single-employer public employee retirement plan. SDTC issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. The financial report may be obtained by writing to San Diego Transit Corporation, 1255 Imperial Avenue, Suite 1000, San Diego, CA 92101

Funding Status and Progress

SDTC makes annual contributions equal to an actuarially computed amount that includes normal cost and an amount for the amortization of unfunded accrued liabilities. Participants of the Plan are not allowed to contribute to the Plan. The valuation method used to calculate the contribution for the Plan is the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which is a projected benefit cost method.

According to this cost method, the normal cost for an employee is the level amount which would fund the projected benefit if it were paid annually from date of eligibility until retirement. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined contribution requirements included (a) 8.00% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increase of 4% to 11% depending on age, service, and type of employment; (c) 3.5% inflation adjustment; and (d) cost of living adjustments up to 2% annually for certain Non-Contract members only. The actuarial value of the assets of the plan was determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. SDTC's initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. Subsequent gains and losses are amortized over variable periods depending on the events precipitating the gain or loss. The average remaining amortization period at January 1, 2006, the most recent valuation date, was 30 years.

The most recent schedule of funding progress for SDTC is presented below:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

	Valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Entry age normal accrued liability	Unfunded liability	Funded status	payroll	UAAL as a % of payroll
_	07/01/07	160,697	186,612	(25,915)	86.1%	33,027	78.5%

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the annual pension cost of \$4,655,668 for the pension plan was equal to SDTC's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. Following is the most recent data available.

Trend information for SDTC (in 000s):

	Annual R Contrib (AR	ution	tual ibution	Percentage of APC Contributed
Fiscal year ended June 30: 2006 2007 2008	\$	3,826 4,576 4,656	\$ 3,826 4,576 4,656	100% 100% 100%

(15) Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

SDTC and SDTI had unrestricted net deficits of \$(33,232,453) and \$(8,121,369) respectively, at June 30, 2008 compared to \$(23,419,342) and \$(6,876,265) at June 30, 2007. The deficits are primarily a result of the timing difference between recognition of expenses on an accrual basis and when those expenses are funded by subsidy transfers. MTS expects that these deficits will be funded with future subsidies.

(16) Subsequent Events

During September and October, 2008, the United States has experienced a financial credit crisis which has had a significant negative effect on all sectors of the national and international economy. Although the federal government has taken actions which are intended to relieve and correct the current downturn, MTS has felt the effects of this crisis in three major ways:

1) In August 2008 MTS repurchased \$34,469,532 of its variable rate Pension Obligation Bonds. Due to the deepening crisis in the credit market, UBS, which had insured our bonds, has lost its AAA rating. This has decreased the marketability of MTS' bonds and caused a dramatic increase in interest payments. Management has determined that the cost of repurchasing the bonds is less than the increased interest costs. MTS will hold the bonds and continue aggressive remarketing efforts in anticipation of recovery in the credit market. In the interim, \$34 million will not be available to fund operations or capital acquisitions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 - DRAFT

- 2) As a result of declining sales tax receipts in California, MTS expects a reduction of its TDA funding for FY 2009. It is currently estimated that MTS will receive \$5.1 million less than anticipated, part of which will be offset by lower fuel prices.
- 3) It is expected that the State of California will reopen its budget for revisions. Due to considerable uncertainty about the nature and extent of budget revisions that may be adopted, it is not possible to estimate the effect such revisions may have on state funding for FY 2009.

To date, the values of MTS' invested funds have not been adversely affected by the credit crisis.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Unaudited)

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DEFINED PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

The following Schedule of Funding Progress shows the recent history of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, their relationship, and the relationship of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to payroll. (Amounts in thousands of dollars).

MTS

Beginning with the 6/30/2003 valuation, CalPERS established a risk pool for cities and other government entities that have less than 100 active members. Actuarial valuation was performed with other participants within the same risk pool. Therefore, standalone information of the Schedule of the Funding Progress for MTS is not available. It is expected that enrollment of active members will exceed 100 within the next few years.

SDTI (in 000s)

Valuation date	Va	tuarial llue of issets	n a	try age ormal ccrued ability	 funded ability	Funded status	l covered yroll	UAAL as a % of payroll
06/30/05	\$	41,415	\$	48,698	\$ (7,283)	85.0%	\$ 19,917	36,6%
06/30/06		47,412		53,490	(6,078)	88.6%	21,024	28.9%
06/30/07		54,017		59,846	(5,829)	90.3%	21,679	26.9%

SDTC (in 000s)

Valuation date	Actuarial value of assets]	Entry age normal accrued liability	τ	Infunded liability	Funded status	An	nual covered payroll	UAAL as a % of payroll
01/01/05	\$ 152,877	\$	162,879	\$	(10,002)	93.9%	\$	34,859	28.7%
01/01/06	153,083		168,877		(15,794)	90.6%		34,959	
07/01/07	160,697		186,612		(25,915)	86.1%		33,027	78.5%

In the valuation as of July 1, 1999, the entire Actuarial Accrued Liability had been funded. A new Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability was created as of April 1, 2000, primarily as a result of improvements in Plan benefits. Therefore, beginning with the April 1, 2000 actuarial valuation, all sources of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability are combined and amortized as a level dollar payment over a rolling 30-year period.

POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

The following Schedule of Funding Progress shows the recent history of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, their relationship, and the relationship of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to payroll. (Amounts in thousands of dollars).

MTS (in 00 Actuarial Valuation date	00s) Actuarial value of assets	Entry age normal accrued liability	Unfunded liability	Funded status	Annual covered payroll	UAAL as a % of payroll
06/30/07	\$ -	\$ 8,292	\$ (8,292)	0.0%	\$ 9,573	86.6%
SDTC (in (000s)	.				
Actuarial Valuation date	Actuarial value of assets	Entry age normal accrued liability	Unfunded liability	Funded status	Annual covered payroll	UAAL as a % of payroll
06/30/07	\$ -	\$ 26,473	\$ (26,473)	0.0%	\$ 35,935	73.7%
SDTI (in 0	00s) Actuarial	Entry age normal			Annual	
Actuarial Valuation	value of	accrued	Unfunded	Funded	covered	UAAL as a
date	assets	liability	liability	status	payroll	% of payroll

Information for the prior two years is not available because this is the first year of implementation for GASB 45.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Schedule of Net Assets

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual:

Combined Operations

General Fund

Taxicab Administration

San Diego & Arizona Eastern Railway

Contract Services

San Diego Transit Corporation

San Diego Trolley, Inc.

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Description of Funds:

The General Fund is MTS' primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from FTA and local TDA funds. Expenditures are primarily expended for functions of the general government, transit planning, transit support activities including marketing, as well as acquisition of capital assets and debt service transactions. Activities related to SD&AE and the Taxicab administration are included within the General Fund. Principal operating revenues for SD&AE are lease income and right of way entry permit fees. Operating revenues for the Taxicab administration are charges for the issuance of taxi and jitney service permits.

The Other Contracted Services Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the operation of certain bus routes that have been competitively bid and are operated by MTS through contracts with outside parties. Revenues are primarily derived from passenger fare revenue and federal, state, and local operating grants. Expenses are primarily payments to contracted bus operators for the operation of certain bus routes. Effective July 1, 2002, the responsibility for operating the County Transit System (CTS) was transferred from the County of San Diego to MTS.

SDTI and SDTC are not-for-profit corporations that provide bus and LRT services. These agencies share governing boards with MTS and are, therefore, presented as blended component units in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in the financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of "economic resources" measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds, which are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where MTS has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of SDTI, SDTC and Other Contracted Services Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for public transportation services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budgetary Information:

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all fund types. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Encumbrances

represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and may be re-appropriated in the following year.

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Combining Schedule of Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	General Operations	Contracted Services	SDTC	SDTI	Total
Assets					
Cost and sock conjugate	\$ 84 062 341	&9	\$ (411.051)	\$ 62,261	\$ 83,713,551
Casil and casil equivalents Investments restricted for debt service navable within one year		•		•	1,247,951
Accounts and other receivables	4,321,844	191,062	4,448,613	175,758	9,137,277
Due from other governments	44,079,918	2,653,960	3,005,136	3,790,425	53,529,439
Internal halances	4,910,990	7,450,047	(7,447,212)	(4,913,825)	•
Materials and cumilies inventory	•		2,061,482	6,053,014	8,114,496
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,548,039	10,751	•	7,587	1,566,377
Total current assets	140,171,083	10,305,820	1,656,968	5,175,220	157,309,091
Noncurrent assets: Cash and certificates of deposit restricted for capital support	5,595,161	•	•	•	5,595,161
Investments restricted for debt service and capital projects	115,277,738	•	•	•	115,277,738
Inamortized bond issuance cost	125,739	•	1,015,275	•	1,141,014
Canital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	121,744,363	40,361,709	71,622,146	976,584,757	1,210,312,975
Net pension assets	•	•	64,680,638	•	64,680,638
Total noncurrent assets	242,743,001	40,361,709	137,318,059	976,584,757	1,397,007,526
Total assets	382,914,084	50,667,529	138,975,027	981,759,977	1,554,316,617

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Combining Schedule of Net Assets, Continued For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	General Operations	Contract	Contracted Services	SDTC	SDTI	Total
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:	3.493.470		9.104,674	2,241,288	663,367	15,502,799
Accounts payable	10.336.839		763,256	1,151,325	1,061,348	13,312,768
Due to onici governincius	413 971		23,263	22,351	•	459,585
Unearmed revenue	3 528 440		1	3,507,305	3,008,842	10,044,587
Accrued expenses Retentions payable	132,999		•		•	132,999
Due within one year:						
Rond premium	25,148		•	•	•	25,148
Commenceted observes navelle	360,077		•	3,885,121	2,550,290	6,795,488
Compensated abstracts payment	1 603 539		•	1,588,488	944,467	4,136,494
Accided damage, injury, and employed claims	546 539		•	1,555,000	•	2,101,539
Long-term debt, due Within one year Long-term debt payable from restricted assets	1,247,950		•			1,247,950
Total current liabilities	21,688,972		9,891,193	13,950,878	8,228,314	53,759,357
Noncurrent liabilities: Retentions payable from restricted assets	5,595,161		•	•	•	5,595,161
I are town dake mounthly from restricted accept	115.277.738		•	1	1	115,277,738
Long-term debt payable moin resultation assets	261 957		•	•	•	261,957
Bond Premium	406 045		•	5,354,017	194,047	5,954,109
Compensated absences payable, due in more main one year	7 570 314		٠	8,788,512	2,783,533	19,142,359
Accrued damage, injury, and employee claims, one in more man one year	893.104		ı	926,926	2,090,692	3,910,722
Accrued orner post employment ocucins I one-term debt, due in more than one year	13,273,704	_	•	71,565,000	E .	84,838,704
Total annountent lightlities	143.278.023		 	86,634,455	5,068,272	234,980,750
Total habilities	164,966,995		9,891,193	100,585,333	13,296,586	288,740,107
Net Assets	(8.601.569)		40,361,709	71,622,146	976,584,757	1,079,967,043
Invested in capital assets, tiet of related west. Unrestricted	226,548,658		414,625	(33,232,453)	(8,121,369)	185,609,461
Total net assets	\$ 217,947,089		40,776,334	\$ 38,389,693	\$ 968,463,388	\$ 1,265,576,504
10101 101 00000	H					

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	General Operations	rations C	Contracted Services	ervices	SDTC		SDTI	Eliminations		Total
Operating revenues: Passenger revenue Advertising Charter	& 60 7	- 75,225 - 2,953,117	\$ 21,13	21,138,278 \$ 67,024	23,680,179 1,011,482 63,435 79,172	ស ដ ស ស ស	31,120,169 31,990 - 572,236	, , , , ,	€9	75,938,626 1,118.697 63,435 3,671,549
Total operating revenues	3,0	3,028,342	21,2	21,205,302	24,834,268	00	31,724,395	•		80,792,307
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services Transit operations funding Materials and supplies Energy costs Risk management Miscellaneous operating expenses Amortization of net pension asset Depreciation Total operating expenses	12,6 3,0 75,7 6,5,6 (4,5,6 89,6	12,661,994 3,028,322 75,784,252 17,848 64,640 528,787 (4,542,236) - 2,114,203 89,657,810	50,2 9,6 1,0 13,7 75,1 (53,96	536,363 50,259,723 - 9,613,508 - 1,041,140 - 13,718,776 - 75,169,510	54,528,583 2,549,590 - 4,783,939 8,933,558 2,091,676 2,824,101 1,500,000 14,495,763 91,707,210	8 8 8 8 8 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	33,620,539 9,102,774 - 2,788,429 8,598,964 1,277,631 2,651,583 - 55,214,684 - 113,254,604 - (81,530,209)	. (71,931,803) 	2 2 (21)	101,347,479 64,940,409 3,852,449 7,590,216 27,210,670 3,898,094 1,974,588 1,500,000 85,543,426 297,857,331

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, Continued San Diego Metropolitan Transit System For the Years Ended June 30, 2008 and 2007

	General Operations	General Operations Contracted Services	SDTC	SDTI	Eliminations	Total
Public support and nonoperating revenues: Federal revenue	49,159,388	920,611	13,933,568	13,880,506	(30,004,379)	47,889,694
Transportation Development Act (TDA) finds	79.271.656	35,440,903	12,394,835	4,437,594	(52,273,332)	79,271,656
State Transit Assistance (STA) funds	14,622,782	•	9,467,667	41,140	(6,508,807)	14,622,782
State revenue - other	41,158,739	2,579,281	•	•	(2,579,281)	41,158,739
TransNet finds	16,968,565	594,963	10,228,800	6,000,000	(16,823,763)	16,968,565
Other local subsidies	869,796	816,689	278,000	•	(967,918)	967,638
Investment earnings	13,394,017	•	262	•	•	13,394,279
Interest evense	(7.113,754)	•	(3,552,867)	•	•	(10,666,621)
Coin (loss) on disnosal of accets	306.365	8,242	(286,066)	59,357	•	84.898
Odni (1035) On dispositi oi dispesi	•	•	(141,711)	•	•	(141,711)
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(270,487)	•	(52,365)	• !	•	(322,852)
Total public support and nonoperating revenues	208,464,909	40,233,918	42,270,123	24,418,597	(112,157,480)	203,230,067
Income (loss) before contributed capital	121,835,441	(13,730,290)	(24,602,819)	(57,111,612)	(40,225,677)	(13,834,957)
Transfers	(40,225,677)	•	•	•	40,225,677	• 60
Contributions	(34,332,485)	18,900,960	4,607,531	29,315,891	•	18,491,897
Change in net assets	47,277,279	5,170,670	(19,995,288)	(27,795,721)	•	4,656,940
Net assets. beginning of year	170,669,811	35,605,664	58,384,981	996,259,108	•	1,260,919,564
Net assets, end of year	\$ 217,947,090	\$ 40,776,334	\$ 38,389,693	\$ 968,463,387	د	\$ 1,265,576,504

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Other			
	MTS	Contracted Services	SDTC	SDTI	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Becaived from outtoners and users	\$ 2.644.776	\$ 21,056,630	\$ 27,139,886	\$ 31,226,334	\$ 82,067,626
Payments to sumpliers	_	(60,799,988)	(13,005,550)	(24,218,338)	(102,954,859)
Payments to empolyees	(11,626,875)	(536,363)	(56,096,728)	(31,223,798)	(99,483,764)
Payments for damage and injury	(9,728)		(184,589)	116,671	(77,646)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(13,922,810)	(40,279,721)	(42,146,981)	(24,099,131)	(120,448,641)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	67.890.288	40,279,721	47,572,269	24,379,642	180,121,920
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	67,890,288	40,279,721	47,572,269	24,379,642	180,121,920
Cash flows from canital and related financing activities:					
Debt service costs	(28,009,321)		(5,194,578)	(8)1 (4)	(33,203,899)
Property acquisition	(796,166,51)		7,876	(47,100)	7,876
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(44,001,282)		(5,186,702)	(47,168)	(49,235,152)
Cash flows from investing activities:	2 846 410		<i>C9C</i>		2.846.681
Interest received from investments Investments liquidated	24,226,833		107		24,226,833
Investments purchased Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	27,073,252		262		27,073,514
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	37,039,447		238 848	233,343	37,511,638
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	47,022,894	1	(649,899)	(171,082)	46,201,913
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 84,062,341	\$	\$ (411,051) \$	\$ 62,261 \$	\$ 83,713,551

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Other			
	MTS	Services	SDTC	SDTI	Total
Operating income (loss):		(14,697,665) \$ (53,964,208) \$ (66,872,942) \$ (81,530,209) \$ (217,065,024)	\$ (66,872,942)	\$(81,530,209)	\$ (217,065,024)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided					
(used) by operating activities	,			700	201 013 30
Depreciation and amortization	2,114,203	13,718,776	59/,566,51	55,214,084	82,243,420
(Increase) decrease in:			1		
Accounts and other receivables	(4,371,299)	(4,819,604)	7,150,006	(498,061)	(666,866,7)
Materials and supplies inventory	•	1		010	0110
Prepaid and other current assets	2,088,572	(10,751)	45,964	4,040	2,119,740
Increase (decrease) in:			0,1	011	6 211 902
Accounts payable	119,162	4,796,066	419,462	707,116	0,511,895
Accrued expenses	804,323		872,446	2,533,323	4,210,092
Unearned revenue			22,351		22,351
Compensated absences payable	33,894		784,223	180,019	968,136
Accrued damage, injury and employee claims	33,894		(492,000)	499,030	(6,790)
Total adjustments	774,885	13,684,487	24,725,661	57,431,078	96,616,082
•					
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(13,922,810)	(13,922,810) \$ (40,279,721) \$(42,146,981) \$(24,099,131) \$(120,448,642)	\$(42,146,981)	\$(24,099,131)	\$(120,448,642)

Supplemental noncash disclosures: During the year other governments contributed \$18,491,896 in capital assets

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Combined Operations

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actuals per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Assets Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues: Passenger revenue Advertising Charter Miscellaneous operating revenues	\$ 70,725,290 955,000 30,000 2,902,179	\$ 72,557,430 1,466,000 30,000 3,180,215	\$ 75,938,626 1,118,697 63,435 3,671,549	 ∞	\$ 75,938,626 1,118,697 63,435 3,671,549	\$ 3,381,196 (347,303) 33,435 491,334
Total operating revenues	74,612,469	77,233,645	80,792,307		80,792,307	3,558,662
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services Transit operations funding Materials and supplies Energy costs Risk management Miscellaneous operating expenses Amortization of net pension asset	100,746,647 66,644,736 6,119,017 7,342,792 23,881,279 4,608,942 1,928,295	98,998,482 66,212,052 4,692,943 7,635,383 26,892,034 4,382,412 1,738,574	101,347,479 64,940,409 3,852,449 7,590,216 27,210,670 3,898,094 1,974,588 1,500,000 85,543,426	(2,558,858) - (49,573) - (17,728) - (1,500,000) (85,543,426)	98.788.621 64,940,409 3.852,449 7,540,643 27,210,670 3.880,366 1,974,588	209,861 1,271,643 840,494 94,740 (318,636) 502,046 (236,014)
Total operating expenses	211,271,708	210,551,880	297,857,331	(89,669,585)	208,187,746	2,364,134
Operating income (loss)	(130,029,239)	(007,010,001)	(170,000,117)	2000000		

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Combined Operations

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual, Continued

	Budgeted Amounts	nounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actuals per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Assets Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public support and nonoperating revenues: Federal revenue Transportation Development Act State Transit Assistance State revenue - other	35,828,178 71,170,587 9,393,706 3,562,842	35,918,251 68,073,706 9,428,706 3,467,035	47,889,694 79,271,656 14,622,782 41,158,739	(10,927,766) (6,495,556) (4,766,369) (27,412,569)	36,961,928 72,776,100 9,856,413 13,746,170 16,968,565	1,043,677 4,702,394 427,707 10,279,135 173,765
TransNet funds Other local subsidies Investment earnings Other non-operating income	18,544,259 1,367,918 - 15,552,622	10,794,800 967,918 2,088,750 11,415,186	13,394,279	280 (10,791,569) 11,415,180 10,666,621	2,602,710 11,415,180	513,960
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Other expenses Amortization of bond issuance costs	(25,116,648)	(25,116,648)	87,898 (141,711) (322,852)	(87,898) (38,898,013) 322,852	(39,039,724)	(13,923,076)
Total public support and nonoperating revenues	130,303,504	(10,280,531)	203,230,067	(76,974,807)	126,255,260	3,217,556 9,140,352
Reserve revenue Contribution of capital assets	236,717	161,256	18,491,897	(18,491,897)	1 1	(161,256)
Change in net assets	\$ (6,119,018)	\$ (10,119,275)	4,656,940	\$ (5,797,119)	\$ (1,140,179)	\$ 8,979,096
Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year			1,260,919,564			

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Actual Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	with Final Positive ative)
Operating revenues: Advertising Miscellaneous operating revenues	\$ 30,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 75,225 1,895,499	s-9	\$ 75,225 1,895,499	∽	66,225 156,784
Total operating revenues	1,611,679	1,747,715	1,970,724	•	1,970,724		223,009
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services Transit operations funding Materials and supplies Energy costs Risk management Miscellaneous operating expenses Depreciation Total operating expenses	11,638,582 3,207,620 6,119,017 49,500 47,200 443,796 (8,082,069)	10,651,382 3,129,498 4,692,943 34,500 49,850 460,721 (4,796,536)	12,080,886 2,878,604 75,784,252 15,544 55,886 488,811 (4,646,749) 2,069,757 88,726,991	(926,998) (71,931,803) (23,728) (2,069,757) (74,952,286) 74,952,286	11,153,888 2,878,604 3,852,449 15,544 55,886 465,083 (4,646,749)		(502,506) 250,894 840,494 18,956 (6,036) (4,362) (149,787) - 447,653
Operating income (loss)	(11,811,90/)	("10,11,1,1)	(100,00)				

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual, Continued

	Budgeted Amounts	ounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public support and nonoperating revenues:	6.338.220	6,435,425	49,159,388	(40,932,145)	8,227,243	1,791,818
Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds	8,180,180	8,047,975	79,271,656	(62,659,011)	16,612,645 347,606	8,564,670 312,606
State 1 ransit Assistance (STA) funds State revenue - other	1,369,984	1,369,984	41,158,739	(29,991,850)	11,166,889	9,796,905
TransNet funds			16,968,563	(16,825,705) (967,638)	-	
Uner local subsidies Investment earnings	•	2,088,750	13,394,017	(10,791,569)	2,602,448	513,698
Other non-operating income	11,415,186	11,415,186	. (4.32. 0.1. 17)	11,415,180	11,413,100	(e) '
Interest expense		• •	(7,115,734)	(17,672)	•	•
Gain (10ss) on disposal of assets Other expenses	(21,610,620)	(21,610,620)	(270,487)	(35,345,146) 270,487	(35,345,146)	(13,734,526)
Total public support and nonoperating revenues	5,692,950	7,781,700	208,176,216	(193,004,549)	15,171,667	7,389,967
Income (loss) before contributed capital	(6,119,017)	(4,692,943)	121,419,949	(118,052,263)	3,367,686	8,060,629
Transfers Contribution of capital assets	• •		(40,225,677) (52,188,549)		(40,225,677) (52,188,549)	(40,225,677) (52,188,549)
Change in net assets	\$ (6,119,017)	\$ (4,692,943)	29,005,723	\$(118,052,263)	\$ (89,046,540)	\$ (84,353,597)
Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year			169,969,954			

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Taxicab Administration

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

		Budgeted Amounts	mounts				Actual Amounts	nounts				
		Original		Final	Actual 2	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Sasis lents	Actuals on a Budget Basis	İ	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	ith Final ositive tive)
Operating revenues: Miscellaneous operating revenues	€5	685,000	€	685,000	8	734,553	€9		⇔	734,553	6	49,553
Total operating revenues		685,000	ļ	685,000		734,553				734,553		49,553
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services		541,310 99,314		534,810 59,814		506,158 63,442				506,158 63,442 2304		28,652 (3,628) 10 396
Materials and supplies Energy costs Miscellaneous operating expenses Depreciation		5,000 14,775 155,820		12,700 14,775 85,841		2,304 8,736 103,800 24,950				8,736 103,800		6,039
Total operating expenses		816,219		707,940		709,390		(24,950)		684,440		23,500
Operating income (loss)		(131,219)		(22,940)		25,163		24,950		50,113		73,053
Reserve revenue		131,219		55,758						'		(55,758)
Change in net assets	\$	•	8	32,818		25,163 =	\$	24,950	89	50,113	89	17,295
Net assets, beginning of year						501,447						
Net assets, end of year					€	526,610						

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

San Diego Arizona and Eastern Railway

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

		Budgeted Amounts	monuts				Actual Amounts				
	ō	Original	Final	-	Actual Amounts	mounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actus	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance Budget (Neg	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues: Miscellaneous operating revenues	\$9	100,000	\$5	100,000	50	323,065	59	≎	323,065	∽	223,065
Total operating revenues		100,000		100,000		323,065			323,065		223,065
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services		102,193 51,100		102,193 51,100		74,950 86,276			74,950 86,276 18		27,243 (35,176) (18)
Energy costs Risk management Miscellaneous operating expenses Depreciation		43,605		43,605	į	39,976 713 19,496	- - - (19,496 <u>)</u>		39,976		3,629
Total operating expenses		205,498		205,498		221,429	(19,496)		201,933		3,565
Operating income (loss)		(105,498)		(105,498)		101,636	19,496		121,132		226,630
Public support and nonoperating revenues: Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		•		•		288,693	(288,693)				'
Total public support and nonoperating revenues		•		1		288,693	(288,693)		1		1
Reserve revenue Contribution of capital assets		105,498		105,498		-17,856,064	(17,856,064)				(105,498)
Change in net assets	\$	•	€	•	-	18,246,393 =	\$ (18,125,261)	\$	121,132	59	121,132
Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year					∞	198,410					

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Contract Services

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

•	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Actual Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance Budge	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues: Passenger revenue Advertising Miscellaneous onerating revenues	\$ 19,464,350	\$ 20,065,540 375,000	\$ 21,138,278		\$ 21,138,278	∽	1,072,738 (375,000) 67,024
Total operating revenues	19,464,350	20,440,540	21,205,302		21,205,302		764,762
Operating expenses: Personnel costs	642,035	523,038	536,363	•	536,363		(13,325)
Outside services Energy costs Miscellaneous operating expenses Depreciation	52,530,006 8,774,995 1,237,747	51,614,159 8,830,790 1,027,974	50,259,723 9,613,508 1,041,140 13,718,776		50,259,723 9,613,508 1,041,140		1,354,436 (782,718) (13,166)
Total operating expenses	63,184,783	19659619	75,169,510	(13,718,776)	61,450,734		545,227
Operating income (loss)	(43,720,433)	(41,555,421)	(53,964,208)	13,718,776	(40,245,432)		1,309,989

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Contract Services

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual, Continued

	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public support and nonoperating revenues: Federal revenue Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds State revenue - other TransNet funds Other local subsidies Gain Aloss) on disnosal of assets	835,663 38,957,694 2,192,858 644,299 1,089,918	874,509 37,327,942 2,097,051 566,000 689,918	920,611 35,440,903 2,579,281 594,963 689,918 8,242	(8,242)	920,611 35,440,903 2,579,281 594,963 689,918	46,102 (1,887,039) 482,230 28,963
Total public support and nonoperating revenues	43,720,432	41,555,420	40,233,918	(8,242)	40,225,676	(1,329,744)
Income (loss) before contributed capital	(E)	(1)	(13,730,290)	13,710,534	(19,756)	(19,755)
Contribution of capital assets		•	18,900,960	(18,900,960)	•	•
Change in net assets	\$ (1)	(1)	5,170,670	\$ (5,190,426)	\$ (19,756)	\$ (19,755)
Net assets, beginning of year			35,605,664			
Net assets, end of year			\$ 40,776,334			

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

San Diego Transit Corporation

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

1	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues: Passenger revenue Advertising Charter Miscellaneous operating revenues	\$ 22,644,928 925,000 30,000 10,000	\$ 23,514,897 925,000 30,000 10,000	\$ 23,680,179 1,011,482 63,435 79,172	s9	\$ 23,680,179 1,011,482 63,435 79,172	\$ 165,282 86,482 33,435 69,172
Total operating revenues	23,609,928	24,479,897	24,834,268	•	24,834,268	354,371
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services Materials and supplies Energy costs Risk management Miscellaneous operating expenses Amortization of net pension asset	57,097,657 2,209,260 4,323,856 5,725,239 1,956,235 4,702,098	56,406,651 2,705,069 4,546,254 8,563,073 1,606,235 2,763,988	54,528,583 2,549,590 4,783,939 8,933,558 2,091,676 2,824,101 1,500,000	764,851 - - (484,000) - (1,500,000)	55,293,434 2,549,590 4,783,939 8,933,558 1,607,676 2,824,101	1,113,217 155,479 (237,685) (370,485) (1,441) (60,113)
Depreciation	•	•	14,495,763	(14,495,763)	•	
Total operating expenses	76,014,345	76,591,270	91,707,210	(15,714,912)	75,992,298	598,972
Operating income (loss)	(52,404,417)	(52,111,373)	(66,872,942)	15,714,912	(51,158,030)	953,343

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

San Diego Transit Corporation

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual, Continued

	Budgeted Amounts	nounts		Actual Amounts		
1	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public support and nonoperating revenues: Federal revenue Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds State Transit Assistance (STA) funds TransNet funds Other local subsidies Investment earnings Other non-operating income	15,305,003 14,896,301 9,393,706 11,900,000 278,000	15,259,025 14,998,721 9,393,706 10,228,800 278,000	13,933,568 12,394,835 9,467,667 10,228,800 278,000 262	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	13,933,568 12,394,835 9,467,667 10,228,800 278,000	(1,325,457) (2,603,886) 73,961
Interest expense Gain (toss) on disposal of assets Other expenses Amortization of bond issuance costs	(3,506,028)	(3,506,028)	(286,066) (141,711) (52,365)	286,066 (3,552,867) 52,365	(3,694,578)	(188,550)
Total public support and nonoperating revenues Income (loss) before contributed capital	52,404,418	46,652,224	42,270,123	338,431	42,608,554	(4,043,670)
Contribution of capital assets		•	4,607,531	(4,607,531)	•	•
Change in net assets Net assets, beginning of year Net assets, end of year	e4	\$ (5,459,149)	\$8,384,981 \$ 38,389,693	\$ 11,445,812	\$ (8,549,476)	\$ (3,090,327)

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

San Diego Trolley Incorporated

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues: Passenger revenue Advertising Miscellaneous operating revenues	\$ 28,616,012	\$ 28,976,993 157,000 646,500	\$ 31,120,169 31,990 572,236	· · ·	\$ 31,120,169 31,990 572,236	\$ 2,143,176 (125,010) (74,264)
Total operating revenues	29,141,512	29,780,493	31,724,395	•	31,724,395	1,943,902
Operating expenses: Personnel costs Outside services Materials and supplies	30,724,870 8,547,436 2,964,436	30,780,408 8,652,412 3,041,929	33,620,539 9,102,774 2,788,429	(2,396,711) - (49,573)	31,223,828 9,102,774 2,738,856	(443,420) (450,362) 303,073
Energy costs Risk management Miscellaneous operating expenses Depreciation	9,319,070 2,165,306 3,906,099	9,433,546 2,271,851 2,648,707	8,598,964 1,277,631 2,651,583 55,214,684	490,000	8,598,964 1,767,631 2,651,583	834,582 504,220 (2,876)
Total operating expenses	57,627,217	56,828,853	113,254,604	(57,170,968)	56,083,636	745,217
Operating income (loss)	(28,485,705)	(27,048,360)	(81,530,209)	57,170,968	(24,359,241)	2,689,119

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

San Diego Trolley Incorporated

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Budget and Actual, Continued

	Budgeted Amounts	nounts		Actual Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Budget Basis Adjustments	Actuals on a Budget Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	th Final sitive ve)
Public support and nonoperating revenues: Federal revenue Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds State Transit Assistance (STA) funds TransNet funds	13,349,292 9,136,412 - 6,000,000	13,349,292 7,699,068 6,000,000	13,880,506 4,437,594 41,140 6,000,000 5,337	(25:65)	13,880,506 4,437,594 41,140 6,000,00	(3,2	531,214 (3,261,474) 41,140
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Total public support and nonoperating revenues	28,485,704	27,048,360	24,418,597	(59,357)	24,359,240	(2,6	(2,689,120)
Income (loss) before contributed capital	(E)	•	(57,111,612)	57,111,611	(1)		$\widehat{\Xi}$
Contribution of capital assets	•	•	29,315,891	(29,315,891)	•		1
Change in net assets	\$ (1)	8	(27,795,721)	\$ 27,795,720	\$ (1)	€9	<u>=</u>
Net assets, beginning of year			996,259,108				
Net assets, end of year			\$ 968,463,387				

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Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

Included in this section of the Metropolitan Transit System comprehensive annual financial report is detailed information to assist in analysis and understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes and required supplementary information.

Contents

Financial trends

This schedule contains trend information to help the reader understand how MTS's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain detailed information about the fare structures and revenue generated from transit operations provided by MTS.

Debt Capacity

This schedule presents information to help the reader assess the affordability of MTS's current levels of outstanding debt and MTS's ability to issue debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules provide service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in MTS's financial report relates to the services MTS provides.

Operating Information

These schedules provide service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in MTS's financial report relates to the services MTS provides.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Changes in Net Assets

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

		Fiscal Year		
	2008	2007	2006	2005
Operating revenues:				
Passenger revenue	\$ 75,938,626	\$ 68,634,694	67,579,729	63,802,747
Advertising	1,118,697	1,001,597	838,663	1,339,470
Charter	63,435	44,999	30,940	895,092
Miscellaneous operating revenue	3,671,549	3,703,043	1,734,582	18,240
Total operating revenue	80,792,307	73,384,332	70,183,914	66,052,549
Operating expenses:				
Personnel costs	\$ 101,347,479	\$ 89,750,761	\$ 89,075,021	\$ 91,485,718
Outside services	64,940,409	62,629,613	57,709,213	70,259,897
Transportation operatins funding	3,852,449	5,438,052	6,758,525	6,244,510
Materials and supplies	7,590,216	7,266,337	8,157,794	8,756,096
Energy costs	27,210,670	22,767,220	24,304,787	14,140,307
Risk management	3,898,094	5,416,889	5,078,068	5,212,337
Miscellaneous operating expenses	1,974,588	944,296	2,335,990	2,563,968
Amortization of net pension asset	1,500,000	1,455,000	1,415,000	-
Depreciation	85,543,426	74,472,549	66,798,819	49,138,639
Total operating expenses	297,857,331	270,338,715	261,633,217	247,801,472
Operating income (loss)	(217,065,024)	(196,954,385)	(191,449,303)	(181,745,923)
Public support and nonoperating revenue:				
Grants and contributions	200,879,074	184,332,341	155,746,015	209,482,693
Investment earnings	13,394,279	13,349,080	7,095,384	11,706,567
Indirect cost recovery	-	•	1,685,026	2,827,481
Interest expense	(10,666,621)	(14,229,812)	(11,499,050)	(10,312,657)
Gain(loss) on disposal of assets	87,898	(1,260,113)	(1,800,414)	291,047
Other expenses	(141,711)	(355,528)	(187,452)	(184,767)
Total public support and nonoperating revenue	203,230,067	181,835,968	151,039,509	213,810,364
Income (loss) before contributed capital	(16,185,950)	(15,118,417)	(40,409,794)	32,064,441
Capital contribution	18,491,897	27,728,531	23,013,017	30,007,339
		\$ 12,610,114	\$ (17,396,777)	\$ 62,071,780

REVENUE CAPACITY

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Operating Revenue by Source (in 000s)

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

Fiscal Year Ended	Passenger Fares	Federal Operatin g Funds	State Operatin g Funds	Local Operatin g Funds	Interest	Other
San Diego Tran	sit Corporation					
2005	21,383	14,200	25,862	7,278	68	850
2006	22,264	15,000	23,415	13,105	129	1,532
2007	22,298	15,000	29,360	9,901	63	1,153
2008	23,680	13,934	21,863	10,507	-	1,154
San Diego Trol	ley, Inc.					
2005	25,855	10,651	498	9,522	-	539
2006	27,934	12,788	7,415	6,000	-	742
2007	27,402	15,325	6,279	6,000	-	652
2008	31,120	13,881	4,479	6,000	-	604
General Service	es					
2005	-	-	•	-	312	863
2006	-	-	-	-	678	979
2007	-	•	-	-	646	1,680
2008	-	-	-	-	2,602	1,895
MTS - Contrac	t Services					
2005	16,564	711	367	33,651	-	-
2006	17,382	-	137	455	-	(344)
2007	18,935	200	36,300	1,778	-	66
2008	21,138	921	38,020	1,285	-	67

Source: Audite

Audited Financial Statements

Bus Cash Fares	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Local	\$ 2.	00 \$ 1.75
Urban	2.	2.25
Express	2.	50 2.50-4.00
Premium express	5.	- 00
Rural bus	5.00-10.	- 00
Senior/disabled	1.	00 1.00
Airport shuttle	- -	25 2.25
Shuttles	1.	00 1.00
Trolley Cash Fares		
Downtown	1.	25 1.25
1 station	1.	50 1.50
2 stations	1.	75 1.75
3 stations	2.	00 2.00
4-10 stations	2	25 2.25
11-19 stations	2	.50 2.50
20+ stations	3	.00 3.00
Senior/disabled	1	.00 1.00
Bus and Trolley Monthly Passes		
Regional monthly pass		- 00
Premium monthly pass		00
Senior/disabled bus and trolley		.00 14.50
Youth bus and trolley	32	.00 29.00
Local/Urban Bus/Express/Trolley		- 58.00
Express Bus (multi-zones)		- 64.00-84.00

SOURCE:

Codified Ordinance No. 4, an ordinance establishing a Metropolitan Transit System fare pricing schedule, last amended November, 2007. Additional changes to the fare structure were effective as of July 1, 2008.

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Farebox Recovery Percentages

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

Fiscal Year Ended	San Diego Transit Corporation	San Diego Trolley, Inc.	MTS Contract Services	
2005	27.34	54.25	31.97	
2006	30.40	50.78	31.96	
2007	31.08	48.97	33.05	
2008	29.80	53.62	34.40	

SOURCE: Audited financial statements; calculated as passenger revenue divided by operating expenses.

DEBT CAPACITY

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

Percentage Debt of Personal per Income Capita	126	2% 117	105	% 61
Percer of Per Inco	07 0.54%	39 0.52%	58 0.47%	31 0.38%
Total	\$271,918 60	256,356,339	233,398,858	203,465,931
Pension Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,490,000 \$271,918 607	76,075,000	74,620,000	73,120,000
Certificates of Certificates of Pension Participation Obligation 2002 2003 Bonds	\$ 10,985,000 \$ 32,850,000	26,065,000	19,155,000	•
Certificates of Certificates of Participation 2002 2003		7,430,000	3,770,000	•
Capital Lease - 1990 LRV 1995 LRV Equipment Sale/Leaseback	\$ 125,774,762	124,775,518	123,699,432	122,540,596
1990 LRV de/Leaseback	- \$ 15,878,727	13,174,798	3,823,388	•
Capital Lease - Equipment Sa	\$	319,719	255,113	187,737
Year Capital ended Lease- June 30 Tower F	2005 \$ 8,910,118	8,516,304	8,075,925	7.617.599
Year ended June 30	2005	2006	2007	2008

Details regarding MTS' outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. MTS retired three financial obligations in FY 2008

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Regional Population and Personal Income Statistics

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

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	MTS Service Area Population	MTS Service Area Personal Income (thousands)	Per Capital Personal Income	San Diego County Average Unemployment Rate
2005	(1) 2,154,170	(2) \$ 50,408,033	\$ 23,400	(3) 4.7%
2006	2,188,817	49,149,338	22,455	4.1%
2007	2,197,243	50,827,435	23,132	4.8%
2008	2,227,386	53,006,520	23.798	6.4%

⁽¹⁾ SOURCE: San Diego Association of Governments, January 2008 Estimate

⁽²⁾ SOURCE: FY 2008 data is not currently available
Estimate based on the statewide increase of personal income of 4.287% between June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2008
Percentage was obtained throught the U.S. Department of Commerce website

⁽³⁾ SOURCE: California Employment Development Department, October 2008

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Full-Time and Part-Time Employees by Function Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

Full-time and Part-time Employees at June 30

Function	2008	2007	2006	2005
MTS	129	121	90	73
San Diego Transit Corporation	899	866	880	927
San Diego Trolley, Inc.	619	527	539	528
Total	1,647	1,514	1,509	1,528

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Ten Largest Employers in San Diego County

Company Name	Number of Employees (1)	Percent of 1,473,200 million County Total (2)
United States Navy	42,000	2.851%
United States Government	39,100	2.654%
State of California	37,100	2.518%
University of California San Diego	24,790	1.683%
Scripps Mercy Hospital/Scripps Health	21,313	1.447%
San Diego Unified School District	21,073	1.430%
City of San Diego	20,700	1.405%
County of San Diego	18,900	1.283%
Sharp Health Care	13,872	0.942%
United States Postal Service	11,611	0.788%

Source:

- (1) San Diego Source, The Daily Transcript
- (2) Employment Development Department, State of California

Note: County of San Diego employment information is presented. Employer information is not currently available for the area served by the Metropolitan Transit System within San Diego County.

OPERATING INFORMATION

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Operating Indicators by Function

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

		2008		2007		2006		2005
Operating Cost:								
San Diego Transit	\$	75,711,447	\$	68,253,960	\$	68,296,800	\$	78,216,331
San Diego Trolley		58,039,920		55,951,561		55,014,599		47,661,707
MTS Contract Services		61,450,734		57,286,732		54,387,095		51,815,445
Farebox Revenue:								
San Diego Transit	\$	23,743,614	\$	22,341,718	\$	22,294,679	\$	21,401,339
San Diego Trolley		31,120,169		27,401,733		27,933,766		25,855,241
MTS Contract Services		21,138,278		18,935,332		17,382,224		16,564,407
Total Passengers:								
San Diego Transit		28,094,257		26,075,859		24,889,685		24,426,571
San Diego Trolley		37,620,944		35,114,385		33,829,833		29,334,362
MTS Contract Services		21,460,283		20,283,498		18,907,112		18,448,621
Revenue Miles:								
San Diego Transit		9,522,460		9,622,029		9,958,013		10,087,350
San Diego Trolley		8,002,889		7,940,011		8,180,189		7,060,498
MTS Contract Services		12,513,495		12,226,099		12,241,939		12,701,361
Subsidy / Total Passenger	•							
San Diego Transit	\$	1.85	5	1.76	5	1.85	5	2.33
San Diego Trolley		0.72		0.81		0.80		0.74
MTS Contract Services		1.88		1.89		1.96		1.91

Current Year Source: FY 2008 NTD Report, and audited financial statements
Previous Years Source: MTS Short Range Transit Plan FY 2003-2008, and audited financial statements

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System

Service Performance Data

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

Service Provided	2008	2007	2006	2005
Bus				
Vehicle Revenue Miles	9,522,460	9,622,029	9,958,013	10,087,350
Vehicle Revenue Hours	870,432	853,044	840,408	825,102
Passengers	28,094,257	26,075,859	24,889,685	24,426,571
Passenger Miles		21,683,073	20,797,797	20,047,077
Number of Vehicles	267	267	274	280
Rail				
Vehicle Revenue Miles	8,002,889	7,940,011	8,180,189	7,060,498
Vehicle Revenue Hours	439,377	432,440	468,829	368,184
Train Hours	445,277	438,555	480,396	379,050
Passengers	37,620,944	35,114,185	33,829,833	29,334,362
Passenger Miles		8,018,841	8,180,189	7,060,498
Number of Vehicles (available				
for maximum service)	134	96	102	95
MTS-Contract Services				
Vehicle Revenue Miles	12,513,495	12,226,099	12,241,939	12,701,361
Vehicle Revenue Hours	1,018,879	975,095	927,652	946,314
Passengers	21,460,283	20,283,498	18,907,112	18,448,621
Passenger Miles		4,111,852	3,936,710	3,649,567
Number of Vehicles	358	348	337	357
Total				
Passengers	87175484	81,473,542	77,626,630	72,209,554
Passenger Miles	0	33,813,766	32,914,696	30,757,142

Current Year Source: FY 2008 NTD Report Previous Years Source: B-10 MTS Schedule of Base Statistics

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System
Capital Assets Statistics by Function
Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

Nonrevenue vehicles

Taxicab Administration
Buildings and structures

Nonrevenue vehicles

-	Fiscal Year			
	2008	2007	2006	2005
General Operations				
Buildings and structures	1	1	1	1
Nonrevenue vehicles	7	10	10	12
San Diego Transit Corporation				
Land (parcels)	2	2	2	2
Buildings and structures	2	2	2	2
Buses	267	267	274	280
Nonrevenue vehicles	53	47	45	49
San Diego Trolley, Inc.				
Trolley stations	54	54	54	50
Track miles	54.3	54.3	54.3	48.5
Light rail vehicles (total inventory)	134	134	134	123
Nonrevenue vehicles	72	69	58	78
Other Contracted Services				
Land (parcel)	1	1	1	1
Buildings and structures	3	1	1	1
Buses	358	348	337	357
	_		_	_

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San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Ridership

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

	2008_	2007	2006	2005
Ridership (in 000's)				
Bus	28,094	26,076	24,890	24,427
% Change	7.74%	4.77%	1.90%	
Trolley	37,621	35,114	33,830	29,334
% Change	7.14%	3.80%	15.32%	
MTS Contract				
Services	21,460	20,283	18,907	18,449
% Change	5.80%	7.28%	2.49%	

Current Year Source: FY 2008 NTD Report

Previous Years Source: Annual Operations Statistical Report

San Diego Metropolitan Transit System Operating Subsidy

Last Four Fiscal Years - DRAFT

	2008	2007	2006	2005
Average Fare per Rider				
San Diego Transit	0.85	0.86	0.90	0.88
San Diego Trolley	0.83	0.78	0.83	0.88
MTS Contract Services	0.98	0.93	0.92	0.90
Operating Expense per Rider				
San Diego Transit	2.69	2.62	2.74	3.20
San Diego Trolley	1.54	1.59	1.63	1.62
MTS Contract Services	2.86	2.82	2.88	2.81
Subsidy per Rider				
San Diego Transit	1.85	1.76	1.85	2.33
San Diego Trolley	0.72	0.81	0.80	0.74
MTS Contract Services	1.88	1.89	1.96	1.91

Current Year Source: FY 2008 NTD Report

Previous Years Source: Audited financial statements and Annual Operations Statistical Report